

Module 1 Feelings and impressions

关键能力达标测试卷

一、本文主要介绍了处理烦恼的三个方法。

1. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据“So it’s necessary for you to try to find out the reason first even though it’s not so easy.”可知,应该首先找出原因。故选 C。

解题诀窍

细节理解题的解题技巧

原文定位法:

根据题干中的关键词,找准相关句、段的内容,再仔细对照,不符合原文意义的选项要首先排除,反之,则是正确选项。

2. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据“If you worry about your grades, ask yourself these questions...”以及下文的几个问题可知,如果你担心你的成绩,你最好复习你的笔记,尝试不同的学习方法。故选 D。

3. D 【解析】词义猜测题。根据“If you do something like that, you can get your friend back easily and won’t fight with him or her again.”可知,如果你做了这样的事情,你可以很容易地挽回你的朋友,不会再和他或她打架。所以此处的“scuffle”对应于“fight”,意为“冲突”。故选 D。

4. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Whether your worries are big or small, you can take three steps to deal with them.”可知,一共介绍了三种方法。故选 A。

5. A 【解析】主旨大意题。根据“Everyone has worries, but what do you do with your worries? Whether your worries are big or small, you can take three steps to deal with them.”可知,本文主要介绍了处理烦恼的三个方法,文章的题目可为“如何处理你的担忧”。故选 A。

解题诀窍

主旨大意题	详解
特点	此类题目要求学生全面理解文章,抓住中心思想,总结文章大意。
考查内容	归纳文章大意,概括文章的中心思想或选择文章标题。
解题技巧	1. 把握文章大意,归纳出相关部分的中心思想; 2. 抓住关键词,找出主题句,整体上把握文章的结构、逻辑关系、问题指向等,综合归纳以提炼出文章的主旨; 3. 根据记叙文、说明文、议论文等不同体裁,结合叙述的过程、说明的用途、议论的主题等,从而得出准确的文章主旨大意。

二、本文主要讲述了帮助他人可以带来幸福和满足感,并给出了一些建议。

6. C 【解析】根据前文可知,此处都是一样的句式。C 选项“如果你想要幸福一辈子,就去帮助别人。”符合语境。故选 C。

7. B 【解析】根据后文“Scientific research shows that helping

others may be the secret to living a life that is happier, healthier and more meaningful.”可知,此处介绍帮助别人可以获得快乐。所以,B 选项“快乐是在帮助别人的过程中找到的。”符合语境。故选 B。

8. E 【解析】根据前文“Giving can feel great.”可知,此处介绍给予别人帮助会产生很大的影响。所以,E 选项符合语境。故选 E。

9. F 【解析】根据前文可知,我们的钱不一定都一样多,但我们都 有时间。此处介绍我们要花时间去帮助别人。所以,F 选项“我们可以用一些时间来帮助别人——无论是每天几个小时,还是每年几天。”符合语境。故选 F。

10. A 【解析】根据后文“He advises giving to others, but keeping your personal and emotional needs in mind. You matter too!”可知,也要牢记你自己的个人和情感需求,你自己也重要。所以,A 选项“别忘了你自己。”符合语境。故选 A。

三、11. tastes 12. to go 13. is 14. to eat 15. is 16. glasses
17. pretty 18. stranger 19. inviting 20. tooth

四、21. smell fresh 22. delicious smell 23. smells; tastes

24. taste; sweet 25. Shall I 26. I’m afraid 27. lucky number
28. feels soft 29. arrived at 30. a taste

五、本文作者建议当你有一些坏情绪时,不要憋在心里,要和他人交谈,将情绪释放出来。

31. nervous 【解析】句意:当你感到悲伤、担心或紧张时,你通常会做什么?此空与 sad, worried 是并列关系,且此处表示不好的一种情况,nervous“紧张的”符合,故填 nervous。

32. anyone 【解析】句意:不对任何人说是错误的。根据“not to talk to”及备选词可知,此处指不对和任何人说,否定句应填 anyone,故填 anyone。

33. But 【解析】句意:但是如果你和别人说,比如你的妈妈或爸爸,你会感觉比以前好。此处与前句是转折关系,故填 But。

34. better 【解析】句意:但是如果你和别人说话,比如你的妈妈或爸爸,你会感觉比以前好。根据“than”可知,此空应填比较级,故填 better。

35. However 【解析】句意:然而,这并不意味着你的问题或担忧会神奇地消失。“it doesn’t mean your problems or worries will disappear magically”与前文是转折关系,此空位于句首,且空格后有逗号隔开,应填副词 however,故填 However。

36. else 【解析】句意:至少,其他人了解你的问题所在,可以帮助你找到解决问题的方法。someone else 表示其他的人,故填 else。

37. problems 【解析】句意:至少,其他人了解你的问题所在,可以帮助你找到解决问题的方法。此处指帮助找到解决问题的方法,故填 problems。

38. in 【解析】句意:他们爱你,他们想知道你的生活中发生了什么。in your life 表在你的生活里,故填 in。

39. Maybe 【解析】句意:也许那个人可以帮你解决你的问题。maybe 表“或许”,副词作状语,故填 Maybe。

40. with 【解析】句意:也许那个人可以帮你解决你的问题。deal with 表“处理”,故填 with。

六、I’m Jimmy. Now I’d like to share my hobbies with you. I used to love watching TV and listening to pop music. I could spend a full weekend at home watching TV or listening to my favourite songs. Now I prefer outdoor activities, especially soccer. I trained very hard and now I become really good at it. I also take an interest in cycling now. It is my everyday activity

because it’s really interesting(高分句式). Hobbies are like friends and I always get great fun from them.

核心素养提优测试卷

一、A 篇本文主要介绍了 Nora 整个星期都很糟糕,她妈妈给了她一些建议,之后她发现妈妈的建议很有用。

1. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据“On Monday, she broke her new watch.”可知星期一,她把新手表弄坏了。故选 C。

2. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Our mind remembers bad things because it wants to keep us safe.”可知我们的大脑会记住不好的事情,因为它想保护我们。故选 A。

3. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据“The next week, while Nora was walking to school, she knocked on a tree and fell over.”可知她撞到了一棵树并且摔倒了。故选 C。

4. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据“Everyone feels like that sometimes. Our mind remembers bad things because it wants to keep us safe. Bad feelings are not easy to leave. You need some practice to change your mind”可知在 Nora 遇到问题时,她妈妈通过自己的聪明才智给了她一些建议,让她感觉更好,可见她妈妈很明智。故选 B。

5. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据“Bad feelings are not easy to leave. You need some practice to change your mind.”以及“...she remembered Mum’s words and the mind-changing power!”可知在遇到问题时,我们要改变观念,所以改变观念是快乐的关键。故选 D。

B 篇本文介绍了三种完美主义者,并且告诉我们要接受事物的好的一面和坏的一面。

6. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Do you want to be perfect? Do you get angry when life is not perfect?”可知,作者通过问问题开始介绍第一段,故选 D。

7. A 【解析】推理判断题。分析“The first kind is connected to the self. This is when a person wants himself to be perfect. When he fails, he will be really disappointed.”可知,第一种与自我有关,这是一个人希望自己完美的时候,当他失败时,他会非常失望。结合选项,A 项“保罗尽他最大的努力成为第一,当他失败时,他哭了。”与之相符,故选 A。

8. C 【解析】代词指代题。分析“Such perfectionists will criticize the people around them if they fail to do something perfectly.”可知,这样的完美主义者会批评他们周围的人,如果他们没有做得完美。此处“they”指的是他们周围的人,故选 C。

9. D

10. C 【解析】篇章结构题。分析文章内容可知,第一段引出完美主义者这一概念;第二段介绍完美主义者的优点,第三、四、五段与第二段并列,介绍完美主义者的缺点;第六段作者表达自己的观点。故选 C。

C 篇本文主要阐述了与他人分享感受的必要性,分享感受可以让你更亲近关心你的人,同时也可以获得帮助解决问题。

11. F 12. A 13. C 14. D 15. E

二、A 篇 16. possible 17. herself 18. happy 19. enough 20. days
21. wind 22. without 23. usually 24. well 25. is

B 篇本文主要介绍了作者用亲身经历告诉我们愤怒或悲伤时应该怎么做。

26. keep 【解析】句意:当你感到生气或悲伤时,最好不要保持沉默。had better not do sth. 表“最好不要做某事”,此处应填动词原形,keep silent 表“保持沉默”。故填 keep。

27. may/will/can make 【解析】句意:如果你把它放在心里,它可

能会让你感到不舒服。此处是 if 引导的条件状语从句,主句可以用一般将来时或含有情态动词的句子。故填 may/will/can make。

28. was having 【解析】句意:一天,我正在考试。根据“Take me for an example.”可知此处是在回忆当时的情景,时态为过去进行时。故填 was having。

29. help 【解析】句意:他低声说:“请帮帮我。”此处是祈使句,空处填动词原形 help 表“帮助”。故填 help。

30. to warn 【解析】句意:所以我回头警告他不要那样做。动词不定式表目的。故填 to warn。

31. was asking 【解析】句意:他认为我在问问题,他惩罚了我。根据“At that time”可知此处用过去进行时。故填 was asking。

32. to write 【解析】句意:我决定把整个事情写在一张纸上,然后交给老师。decide to do sth. 表“决定做某事”。故填 to write。

33. am trying 【解析】句意:现在,我正在努力改变自己,学习表达我的感受。根据“Now”可知此处用现在进行时,主语是 I,故填 am trying。

34. will tell 【解析】句意:当我以后和别人有问题时,我会告诉他们我的感受或把感受写在纸上。根据“When I have problems with others later”可知此处用一般将来时,故填 will tell。

35. is 【解析】句意:总而言之,学会分享感受是非常有帮助的。联系后文可知此处时态为一般现在时,本句缺 be 动词,主语“learning to share feelings”是第三人称单数。故填 is。

三、本文主要讲述了作者在做了一次糟糕的作业,得到了一个不好的成绩后,并没有气馁,而是更加努力,最后能够跳过七年级而直接学习八年级课程的故事。

36. By flipping a coin. 【解析】根据“I stared at the screen, wondering which one my teacher meant. Why not let a coin decide? I said to myself. So I flipped a coin. Ah! Tails!”可知,作者通过掷硬币来决定他的报告内容。故填 By flipping a coin.

37. No, he didn’t. 【解析】根据“I stared at the screen, wondering which one my teacher meant.”可知,作者不了解美国历史,因此不懂老师说的乔治·华盛顿是谁。故填 No, he didn’t.

38. He felt sad but fearless. 【解析】根据“Of course, my subject result was awful. Sad but fearless, I decided to turn this around.”可知,作者得知结果后觉得伤心但不害怕。故填 He felt sad but fearless.

39. He threw himself heartily into his work for the rest of the school year. 【解析】根据“So I threw myself heartily into my work for the rest of the school year.”可知,在校长不给他第二次机会之后,作者在学年剩下的时间里专心地做这项工作。故填 He threw himself heartily into his work for the rest of the school year.

40. Results; process is important 【解析】开放性题目,答案不唯一。根据“Of course, my subject result was awful.”可知,作者的成绩很糟糕,但他并没有放弃,继续研究这个课题并最终成功。所以我懂得了:结果可能很糟糕,但过程很重要。故填 Results; process is important。

四、

Being with you

You’ve always been my sunshine. I like being with you, my English teacher, Miss Li. You are very kind and hard-working. You are so helpful that you are ready to help almost every student in our class(高分句式)。

Two years ago, I was afraid to speak English and was poor

at English. But you tried your best to help me solve my problem. Thanks to your help, I made great progress in my English study. Now I can speak English in public and don't feel nervous any more.

You teach me not only to learn but also to be a kind and warm-hearted person(高分句式). I hope I'll be with you forever.

Module 2 Experiences

关键能力达标测试卷

一、A篇本文是一篇议论文。文章主要讲述了人们太关注取得胜利的结果而不是过程。

1. A【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段“*I have a question for all of us. Is all winning success? Winning is really, really fun. But I am here to share my idea: Winning does not always mean success.*”可知,作者通过提出问题来引入主题。故选A。

2. B【解析】词义猜测题。根据第二段“*We have become so focused on that end result instead of the process, and when it is a win, usually how we got there often gets little attention.*”可知, it指代的是“最后的结果”。故选B。

3. C【解析】细节理解题。根据第五段“*I found out that I needed to support our student players as whole human beings, not just players who won.*”可知,作者意识到需要支持我们的学生运动员,而不是仅仅关注胜利的人。故选C。

4. C【解析】推理判断题。根据第五段“*I found out that I needed to support our student players as whole human beings, not just players who won.*”可知,作者认为即使没有取得胜利也要尊重他们。故选C。

5. C【解析】篇章结构题。第一,二段提出问题——胜利是成功吗?第三、四、五段用作者的亲身经历重新定义成功。第六段得出结论——激励人更重要。

B篇本文主要讲述了作者带着女儿开车从洛杉矶到达拉斯的路上,汽车没油了,一个好心人帮助了她们的故事。

6. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“*I drove from Los Angeles to Dallas...*”可知,洛杉矶和达拉斯都在美国境内。故选D。

7. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“*we ran out of gas on the way*”可知,汽车没油了。故选B。

8. C【解析】图片理解题。根据“*She wrote a sign that read 'No gas. Can you help us?' and put it outside the window.*”可知,写了一个牌子,把它放在窗户外面。故选C。

9. D【解析】推理判断题。根据“*My farm is about 10 minutes away...*”可知,是一位农民帮助了她们。故选D。

10. C

二、11. Western 12. has visited 13. haven't seen 14. To win
15. driving 16. to help 17. listening 18. singers 19. eaten
20. wait

三、21. Have; visited 22. telling; about 23. as well 24. How; feel
25. been to 26. So far 27. another one 28. has gone

29. have; stayed/been 30. invite; to

四、31. activities 32. faster 33. healthy 34. useful 35. problems
36. before 37. quickly 38. enough 39. safe 40. ice

The place I want to visit

Beijing, the second largest city in our country, is the place I want to visit.

There are several reasons why I would like to visit Beijing(高分句式)。First, Beijing is the capital of China, and has a history of more than 3,000 years. Second, there are many historical buildings, such as the Great Wall and the Summer Palace. There are also some stadiums, including the Bird's Nest and the Water Cube, which were built for the 2008 Beijing Olympic Games(高分句式)。

I am really looking forward to going there and visiting all the wonderful places. At the same time, I hope Beijing will be more and more beautiful.

核心素养提优测试卷

一、A篇本文是对去布雷肯灯塔冒险活动的介绍,包括需要准备的物品、交通方式、出发时间和地点等。

1. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“*Hike 25 km on Saturday and Sunday.*”可知,这次徒步旅行长达25千米。故选A。

2. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“*Camp for one night on Saturday.*”可知,学生们要在帐篷里住一个晚上。故选A。

3. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“*We are travelling to the Brecon Beacons by bus. The bus leaves from the school on Saturday...*”可知,我们乘公共汽车从学校去布雷肯灯塔。故选B。

4. C【解析】细节理解题。根据KIT LIST可知,衣服可以选择夹克、步行鞋、防水裤子,不选择牛仔裤、T恤、毛衣;小组共用的有帐篷、地图、食物和水、急救箱;其他工具包括背包、毛巾、睡袋、手电筒。由此可知,学生根据装备列表,需要选择步行鞋、睡袋和手电筒。故选C。

5. C【解析】推理判断题。根据“*We are going to the Brecon Beacons in Wales for our adventure weekend in May this year.*”可知,今年五月,学生们打算去威尔士的布雷肯灯塔度过他们的冒险周末。他们需要提前准备物品,因此,学生们需要提前知道关于这次冒险活动的一些信息,包括需要准备的物品、交通方式、出发时间和地点等。选项C“在周末探险之前”符合逻辑。故选C。

B篇本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了主人公鲁滨逊独自在一个荒岛上的日常生活状况。

6. A【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段中“*My new life is here, on the island.*”可知,这个故事发生在一个岛上。故选A。

7. D【解析】细节理解题。根据BAD方框中的“*There is nobody here to talk to or to help me.*”可知,选项D符合文意。故选D。

8. A【解析】词义猜测题。根据本句中“*...keep out the rain(.....把雨挡在外面)*”可推知,画线词指的应是房子的顶部,可以用来挡雨。故选A。

9. C【解析】细节理解题。根据文章倒数第二段中“*In the mornings I went for a walk in the woods and hills with my dog.*”可知,选项C“早晨我去树林里散步”符合文意。故选C。

10. D【解析】推理判断题。根据文章的叙述可知,作者所处的环境有好的情况,也有不好的情况。但是作者在不好的情况下找到了好的事物。由此可知,选项D“一个人可以在不好的情况下发现好的东西”符合文意,和原文的叙述“*We can always find something good in a bad situation...*”相符。故选D。

C篇本文主要讲了在搜寻中享受大自然。

11. B 12. F 13. E 14. C 15. D

二、A篇 16. graduated 17. to make 18. became 19. walk

20. had 21. get 22. was 23. to move 24. coming 25. enjoy

B篇本文介绍了作者在澳大利亚旅游的经历。

26. have been【解析】句意:我们在澳大利亚待了三天。根据“*for three days*”可知,时态是现在完成时,主语是we,故填have been。

27. can have【解析】句意:我们的酒店位于悉尼市中心,因此我们可以欣赏到城市的美景,并且我们可以很容易地在城市中四处逛逛。根据“*wonderful view of the city*”可知此处缺谓语动词have,根据语境可知,是指可以欣赏到城市的美景,用can have。故填can have。

28. to tell【解析】句意:所以我不可能告诉你所有事。it is+形容词+for sb. to do sth.表“做某事对于某人来说.....”。故填

to tell。

29. sleeping【解析】句意:城市里有许多大树和美丽的花朵,最令人愉快的事情是看考拉在树上睡觉。watch sb doing sth表“看到某人正在做某事”,故填sleeping。

30. visited【解析】句意:我们昨天和前天参观了悉尼周围的许多景点。此处缺少谓语,根据“*yesterday, and the day before yesterday*”可知,时态用一般过去时,根据“*many places of interest*”可知,表示参观很多名胜,visit符合语境,变过去式为visited。故填visited。

31. was playing【解析】句意:昨晚你打电话给我时,我正在沙滩上玩。时态是过去进行时。故填was playing。

32. will fly【解析】句意:我想在这里多待些时间,但是琳达和玛丽迫不及待地想看看凯恩斯的珊瑚礁,所以我们明天将飞往那里。根据“*tomorrow*”可知时态是一般将来时,故填will fly。

33. preparing【解析】句意:现在,我们正忙着为下一次凯恩斯之行做准备,这样我们走的时候就不会匆忙了。prepare for表“为.....做准备”,be busy doing sth.表“忙于做某事”,故填preparing。

34. will enjoy【解析】句意:我们认为我们将在凯恩斯过得很快乐。enjoy oneself表“过得愉快”,由前文可知,是指明天去凯恩斯,动作未发生,用一般将来时will do。故填will enjoy。

35. am looking【解析】句意:我期待参观那里的景点!look forward to表“期待”。根据前文可知,是指正期待参观那里的景点,用现在进行时。故填am looking。

三、本文介绍了圣诞节来历的传说。

36. A fairy.

37. Because their parents were not responsible ones.

38. He hung some pretty toys in the tree, as well as several bags of candies.

39. They felt very happy and surprised.

40. They will treat their children much better than before.

My Experience in Junior High School

Last term, our teacher took us to a farm for a study tour. In the activity, we not only learned how to plant crops, but also experienced the importance of labour. At the same time, it also allowed us to experience the hardship of farmers. After this event, although we were tired, we were very happy(高分句式)。

I think the school trip is really meaningful for us(高分句式)。We can not only relax ourselves but also learn a lot from it. I will take part in more such activities in my future free time.

Module 3 Journey to space

关键能力达标测试卷

一、A篇本文主要介绍了关于火星的一些信息和人类在火星生活的一些想象。

1. C【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段“*Our own planet, the Earth, is becoming more and more crowded and polluted. It is hoped that people could start all over again and build a better world on Mars.*”(我们自己的星球,地球,正变得越来越拥挤和污染。希望人们可以重新开始,在火星上建立一个更美好的世界。)可知,因为地球正变得越来越拥挤和污染,所以人们想去火星。故选C。

2. B【解析】代词指代题。根据第二段“*At present, our spacecraft are too slow to carry large numbers of passengers to Mars—it would take months.*”(目前,我们的宇宙飞船速度太慢,无法将大量乘客送往火星—这需要几个月的时间。)可知,将大量乘客送往火星需要几个月的时间,故推测“it”应该指的是火星之旅。故选B。

3. D【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段“*However, the spacecraft would travel really fast, so the journey to Mars might be quite uncomfortable.*”(然而,宇宙飞船的飞行速度非常快,所以去火

星的旅程可能会很不舒服。)可知,宇宙飞船会飞得非常快,所以去火星的旅程可能会很不舒服。故选D。

4. C【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段“*Life on Mars would be interesting and challenging.*”(火星上的生活将是有趣和具有挑战性的。)可知,火星上的生活将是有趣而富有挑战性的。故选C。

5. A【解析】标题归纳题。通读全文,根据第一段“*It is hoped that people could start all over again and build a better world on Mars.*”(希望人们可以重新开始,在火星上建立一个更美好的世界。那里的生活可能是这样的。)可知,本文主要讲了人们希望人类可以重新开始,在火星上建立一个更美好的世界,并想象人们搬到火星上的生活。故选A。

B篇本文是一篇应用文,主要介绍了人工智能机器人Ion、核动力火箭发动机的研发以及中国研究人员开发的一种潜水无人机。

6. B

7. C【解析】细节理解题。根据表格一中“*It can collect the opinions of Romanians to help the government understand what the people care about.*”可知人工智能机器人Ion可以收集罗马尼亚人的意见。故选C。

8. D【解析】主旨大意题。根据表格二中“*Although scientists aren't sure about the exact time a trip with nuclear engines will take, the technology will make travel time shorter and cut down the risk astronauts will face.*”可知第二则新闻主要讲述了核动力火箭发动机将缩短旅行时间。所以第二则新闻最佳标题是“缩短旅行时间”。故选D。

9. A【解析】细节理解题。根据表格三中“*Chinese researchers have developed a diving drone that can change between flying and swimming.*”可知潜水无人机与其他无人机的真正区别是:它既能在空中飞行,也能在水下游泳。故选A。

10. B

二、11. latest 12. has had 13. to hold 14. writing 15. carefully
16. astronauts 17. planet 18. universe 19. system 20. win

三、21. old as 22. How amazing 23. has been 24. That's why
25. got to/arrived in 26. come back 27. in order 28. to make
29. Where have 30. haven't; anything

四、本文主要讲述了作者的第一次太空之旅。

31. before【解析】句意:在我们出发之前,我们做好了准备。根据“We had made good preparations”可知,准备应是在出发前做好的,before“在.....之前”符合语境。故填before。

32. However【解析】句意:然而,在飞船里有那么多工作要做,所以我们轮流休息。空格前后两句存在转折关系,用however来衔接,位于句首,首字母要大写。故填However。

33. us【解析】句意:我们当中必须始终有一个人保持清醒。介词of后接we的宾格作宾语。故填us。

34. hours【解析】句意:飞行了20个小时后,我们终于到达了空间站。根据“After flying for 20”可知此处应用hour的复数形式。故填hours。

35. more【解析】句意:在那里,我们的压力会小一些,因为会有更多人分担工作。根据“less pressure”可知,压力减少,是因为有更多人分担工作,用many的比较级more修饰名词people故填more。

36. relaxed【解析】句意:我们一进入空间站,我就觉得很放松。根据“There was much more space. They even had a garden in the space station, ...they grew vegetables.”可知,作者看到空间站里有更大的空间,甚至还有一个种了蔬菜的花园,应是心情愉悦的,用relaxed作表语。故填relaxed。

37. where【解析】句意:在空间站里,他们甚至还有一个花园,他们在那里种了蔬菜。先行词a garden指地点,且“they grew vegetables”缺少地点状语,应用where引导非限制性定语从句,引导词在从句中作状语。故填where。

38. happily【解析】句意:6名航天员高兴地迎接我们。根据下文“We said we were glad to see them, too.”可知,此处应用

happy 的副词修饰动词 received。故填 happily。

39. for 【解析】句意：自从我们听到你们会来的消息后，我们就等着你们了。wait for sb“等待某人”。故填 for。

40. first 【解析】句意：在空间站的第一个晚上太棒了。根据“It was my first trip to space.”可知，这是作者的第一次太空之旅，因此应用 one 的序数词 first 修饰名词 night。故填 first。

五、My views on robots entering the classroom

With the development of technology, it has become possible for robots to enter the classroom. I think robots can help us with learning and make our learning more efficient. For example, it can give us practical advice and help teachers mark the homework. If we allow robots to enter the classroom, we can communicate with them, which will make the class more interesting(高分句式)。

In short, there will be many advantages if robots take part in teaching process. I hope that day will come soon.

核心素养提优测试卷

一、A 篇本文主要介绍了科学家首次在 50 年前收集的月球土壤样本中成功种植种子。

1. C 【解析】代词指代题。根据第一段“Researchers at the University of Florida found that it was harder for the plants to grow in the lunar soil than it was for them to grow in similar soils found on Earth. (佛罗里达大学的研究人员发现，这些植物在月球土壤中生长比在地球上类似的土壤中生长要困难得多。)”可知，此处指前面提到的植物，因此“them”指代“Plants”。故选 C。

2. A 【解析】主旨大意题。根据第二段“The team used three very small samples of dusty lunar soil, called regolith, which were gathered by astronauts on the Apollo 11, 12 and 17 missions of 1969 and 1972. The scientists planted seeds of a small flowering plant in each of the samples, as well as the soil from Earth. (研究小组使用了三个非常小的月球土壤样本，这些样本被称为风化层，是宇航员在 1969 年和 1972 年的阿波罗 11 号、12 号和 17 号任务中收集的。科学家们在每个样本中都种植了一种小型开花植物的种子，以及地球上的土壤。)”可知，本段主要介绍实验材料。故选 A。

3. A 【解析】推理判断题。根据第三段“Although the thale cress sprouted in all of the soils, the ones grown in Moon dust grew more slowly and showed more signs of stress. The plants also grew differently in each of the lunar soils. (虽然水芹在所有的土壤中都发芽了，但在月球土壤中的水芹生长得更慢，这些植物在月球土壤中的生长情况也各不相同。)”又结合图片显示可知，A 项正确。故选 A。

4. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段“For the question whether plants would grow in lunar soil, the answer, it turns out, is yes. But how might that one day help humans have a longer stay on Moon? Scientists may need follow-up studies to get the answer. (对于植物能否在月球土壤中生长的问题，答案是肯定的。但可能有能帮助人类在月球上停留更长时间的那一天吗？科学家可能需要后续研究来得到答案。)”可知，科学家们下一步最有可能尝试在月球表面种植植物。故选 B。

5. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据第一段“For the first time, scientists have grown seeds in samples of soil collected from Moon 50 years. (科学家们首次在 50 年前从月球收集的土壤样本中种植了种子。)”以及全文信息可知，本文主要介绍了科学家在月球土壤中种植植物，属于科学范畴。故选 B。

B 篇本文主要介绍了最大的卫星——国际空间站。

6. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段中“They think that the best way to learn more about space is to live there.”可知，科学家们认为研究太空最好的方式就是住在那里。故选 C。

7. C 【解析】词义猜测题。根据第三段中“The ISS will help us better understand the human body, explore space and study the earth.”可猜知，此处指去探索了解太空。故选 C。

解题诀窍

细节理解小妙招

细节理解题的答案往往可以直接从文章的原句中找到。此类题目涉及的内容很广，如时间、地点、人物、数字、原因、结果、文字结构等。

8. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段中“If you watch the sky for about an hour after the sun goes down, you may see the moving ISS.”可知，太阳下山后如果你看天空，可能会看到移动的国际空间站。故选 A。

9. D 10. C

C 篇本文主要讲述了桂海潮通过自身的不断努力和坚定的信念最终成为一名宇航员的故事。

11. B 【解析】根据“And that dream has now come true.”及“He had a strong belief and worked hard! After all, Rome wasn't built in one day.”可知，此处引出下文桂海潮如何实现梦想。B 选项“他是如何实现他的梦想的呢？”符合题意。故选 B。

12. F 【解析】根据“At the age of 17, he learned about the news of Yang Liwei's spaceflight. It inspired him.”可知，杨利伟的事迹影响了他，F 选项“从那时起，他就一直梦想着去太空。”符合题意。故选 F。

13. A 【解析】根据“At first, the training was hard for him.”“He did more exercise, asked for help and used different training ways. Finally, he improved a lot.”可知，虽然困难，但是他没有放弃。A 选项“但他没有放弃。”符合题意。故选 A。

14. E 【解析】根据“A student of his said, 'Whenever we went to see him, he was running on the playground.'”可知，他一直坚持锻炼。E 选项“这些年来他一直坚持锻炼。”符合题意。故选 E。

15. C 【解析】根据“For his students, Gui is a wonderful teacher.”可知，此处谈论他对学生的帮助。C 选项“他总是尽力帮助他们。”符合题意。故选 C。

解题诀窍

补全短文题

补全短文题主要考查学生的阅读能力、基础知识(语法、词汇等)和综合逻辑思维推理能力。

解题技巧：

1. 读懂选项句子。选项句子的重点是它的中心词，包括名词、代词和连接词，它们是我们了解该选项句子意思的关键。
2. 弄清楚原文填充处所在位置的意义以及其前后段或前后句子的意思及逻辑关系。如果是在段首句，意味着此处可能是主题句；如果是在段尾句，意味着此处可能是主题句或是细节论述；如果是在段中，意味着此处可能是细节论述。
3. 利用综合分析排除法。

二、A 篇 16. dangerous 17. out 18. until 19. little 20. rubbish 21. space 22. recently 23. for 24. our 25. what

B 篇本文主要讲述一个团队研究将玩具熊送入近太空的故事。

26. carries 【解析】句意：它承载着李政翰的儿时梦想。根据“... the childhood dream of Li Zhenghan,”可知，空处指“承载”梦想，备选词“carry”符合。因陈述的是一般事实，故空处时态为一般现在时，主语为 It，谓语动词需用单三形式。故填 carries。

27. has dreamed 【解析】句意：自从他是一个小孩时，他已经梦想着进入太空。根据“of going into space”可知是梦想进入太空，dream of doing sth. 表示“梦想着做某事”，由句中“since”一词可知，空处时态为现在完成时，其结构为 has/have done，主语为 Li，助动词用 has。故填 has dreamed。

28. to follow 【解析】句意：他的老师和同学知道他的梦想，所以他们用不同的方式鼓励他要追随他的梦想。根据“so they encouraged him...his dream in a different way.”及备选词可知，空处指鼓励他“追随”梦想，备选词“follow”符合，encourage sb. to do sth. 表示“鼓励某人做某事”，空处需填动词不定式。故填 to follow。

29. want 【解析】句意：这让他想要试一试。根据“This made him...to give it a try.”可知，这让他想要试一试，备选词“want”符合句意，make sb. do sth. 表示“使某人做某事”。故填 want。

30. to start 【解析】句意：但当时，他不知道如何开始。根据“he had no idea on how”可知，这里是不知道如何开始，start 意为“开始”，此处是 how+动词不定式。故填 to start。

31. were preparing 【解析】句意：当他们准备实验时，一些人对他们提出了质疑。根据“...for the experiment, some people questioned them.”及备选词可知是准备实验，备选词“prepare”符合，While 引导的状语从句，其从句往往用进行时，因回忆的是往事，故时态为过去进行时，其结构为：were/was+doing，主语为 they，需用 were。故填 were preparing。

32. lasted 【解析】句意：第一个气球只飞行了几分钟就坠落了。根据“...for a few minutes before falling.”可知，气球坠落之前，飞行持续了几分钟，备选词“last”符合，因回忆往事，时态为一般过去时，谓语动词需用过去式。故填 lasted。

33. will check 【解析】句意：李告诉他的团队，“别灰心。我们会再次仔细检查我们的设备，这样我们就不会犯同样的错误了。”根据“...our equipment carefully again to avoid making the same mistake.”可知，我们会再次仔细检查我们的设备避免犯同样的错误，备选词“check”符合，表示将来会仔细检查设备，用一般将来时 will check。故填 will check。

34. flew 【解析】句意：经过多次尝试，玩具熊成功飞上天空，到达近太空。根据“...the bear successfully...into sky and reached the near space.”及备选词可知，空处指玩具熊“飞入”太空，备选词“fly”符合，因是回忆往事，时态为一般过去时，谓语动词用过去式。故填 flew。

35. will do 【解析】句意：“这次经历太棒了，但这不是结束。未来我会做更多这样的实验来实现我的梦想。”李说。根据“...more experiments like this...”可知，空处指“做实验”，do experiments 表示“做实验”，因是表达将来的事情，时态为一般将来时，其结构为 will+动词原形。故填 will do。

三、【主旨大意】本文介绍了去爱尔兰旅行的三天旅行计划。

36. They can see the golden chair where the kings and queens from England once sat.
37. They can watch an Irish step-dance performance.
38. About 800 years ago.
39. They are Dublin, Limerick and Cork.
40. During the trip, the tourists can walk, ride the train and take a bus.

四、Dear Tom,

Today's trip to the City Museum is really a memorable experience and this will be engraved in my mind forever. I'd like to share this experience with you.

From 9 pm to 12 pm, all senior 3 students visited an exhibition themed on “Achievements Expo of China Aerospace”. First, we attended informative lectures and watched extremely exciting videos about launching rockets, which allowed us to get deeper insights into China Aerospace. (高分句式) Then came the highlight, experiencing thrilling and funny spacewalks in almost zero gravity. Amazed by the outstanding achievements and touched by the spirit of China Aerospace experts, I'll apply myself to study so that I can make contributions to our country like them one day. (高分句式)

Looking forward to your reply.

Yours sincerely,

Li Hua

Module 4 Seeing the doctor

关键能力达标测试卷

一、A 篇本文是病毒 Peter 的日记，主要讲述了病毒 Peter 每天都想感染学生，但都失败了。

1. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段中“Then, right after class, he washed his hands. Now I'm in the water, far away from Sam.”可知，是因为 Sam 及时洗手，把他冲走了。故选 C。

2. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段中“Unluckily, the mucus (粘液) in his nose caught me. I thought I was going to die.”可知，是因为 Bill 鼻子中的粘液粘住了他，使他不能移动。故选 C。

3. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第六段中“Sam ate all his vegetables today. He exercises a lot and gets eight hours of sleep every night. His body is too strong for me!”可知，Sam 通过吃蔬菜，锻炼及获得 8 小时睡眠来保护自己。故选 B。

4. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据本文内容可知，Peter 每天都想去感染学生，但每次都失败，由此可知，他的生活是困难的。故选 D。

5. A 【解析】推理判断题。根据第六段“Sam ate all his vegetables today. He exercises a lot and gets eight hours of sleep every night. His body is too strong for me!”及第七段“I tried to infect Sam again today, but he washed his hands five times and never touched his face! He also gave tissues to every student in his class who sneezed. It's impossible to give him a cold!”可知，强壮的身体和好的习惯可以对抗病毒。故选 A。

B 篇本文主要介绍了人们生病时的一些身体症状以及治疗感冒的方法。

6. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段“Blood rushes to your nose and brings congestion (充血) with it. You feel terrible because you can't breathe well,”可知，鼻子充血会引起呼吸不畅。故选 A。

7. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段“Your temperature rises and you get a fever, but the heat of your body is killing the virus.”可知，杀死病毒的是你身体的热度。故选 C。

8. B 【解析】词句猜测题。根据第三段“In the United States and some other countries, for example, people might eat chicken soup to feel better. Some people take hot baths and drink warm liquids (液体). Other people take the medicine to stop the fever, congestion, and runny nose.”可知，该段通过举例介绍一些治疗感冒的方法，因此 remedies 意为“治疗方法”，与 cure 近义。故选 B。

9. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段“In the United States and some other countries, for example, people might eat chicken soup to feel better. Some people take hot baths and drink warm liquids (液体). Other people take the medicine to stop the fever, congestion, and runny nose.”可知，人们感冒时，可能会喝鸡汤、洗热水澡、喝热饮，但没有提到长时间跑步。故选 D。

10. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段“There is one interesting thing to note—some scientists say taking the medicine when you have a cold is actually bad for you.”可知，一些科学家认为感冒时吃药对你没有好处。故选 B。

二、11. times 12. exercise 13. taking 14. has stayed 15. cough 16. fever 17. stomach ache 18. since 19. temperature 20. why

三、21. I had/caught a cold last night.

22. Can you take my temperature please?

23. Last week Lisa had a toothache, so she went to see the dentist.

24. He has been ill since last week.

25. How long has your grandfather lived in the countryside?

26. I have just lost my chemistry book.

27. I have never been to that farm.

28. Have you ever seen this film?

29. My sister has already been a college student for three years.

30. They have been in America for five years.

四、31. us 32. if 33. doctor 34. something 35. more

36. illnesses 37. sleep 38. stomach 39. good 40. often

五、Boys and girls,

Welcome to our English Broadcast! I'm Li Hua. Recently quite a few students in our school couldn't have lessons as usual because they had a cold (高分句式). This affected their studies. In order to make you stronger, I'll give you some useful advice. Firstly, it's important to have a healthy eating habit. You should eat more vegetables and fruit but less junk food. Secondly, you'd better sleep well. Don't stay up late. Besides, do exercise every day. You can take a walk or run. Lastly, a good attitude towards life is also good for your health. I'm looking forward to seeing you happier and healthier(高分句式)!

That's all! Thanks for your listening!

核心素养提优测试卷

一、A篇本文介绍了四种中药的功效及食用或使用方式。

1. C

2. B【解析】细节理解题。根据白芍的相关内容“Way to take it: First put it in water for 30~60 minutes. Then cook it for some minutes.”可知在烹煮白芍之前,应先把白芍放在水里泡 30 至 60 分钟。故选 B。

3. A【解析】细节理解题。根据三七的相关内容“Note: People can use it to stop the bleeding...”可知三七可用来止血。故选 A。

4. B【解析】细节理解题。根据三七的相关内容“It's okay to take it after making it into powder.”和牛黄的相关内容“Take it with water or make it into powder...”可知三七和牛黄都可以制成粉末。故选 B。

5. D【解析】推理判断题。通读全文可知,本文介绍了四种中药的功效及使用方式,所以文章最有可能出现在报纸上的“健康”版块里。故选 D。

B篇本文介绍了太极拳的好处。

6. B【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段“This ancient martial art has been practised by more than 40 million people...”可知,这种古老的武术已经被超过 4 000 万人练习过。故选 B。

7. C【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段“It requires slow movements...”可知,人们练习太极拳时动作缓慢。故选 C。

8. D【解析】细节理解题。根据第五段“Certainly, the key point is on balance, with sideways and backwards movements helping to have a stronger body.”、第六段“... doing t'ai chi regularly can help repair knee problems and lower back pain.”和第七段“Studies have found that regular t'ai chi can improve functioning in brain, especially for older people.”可知,练习太极拳可以提高平衡能力、减轻背部疼痛以及改善大脑功能,由此可知想提高平衡感的 Mike、想减轻背部疼痛的 Mr Li 以及需要大脑训练的 Ms Black 可以练习太极。故选 D。

9. A【解析】最佳标题题。根据第五段“A 2019 review of studies suggested that t'ai chi might reduce the risk of falls in older people.”可知,2019 年的一项研究综述表明,太极拳可能会降低老年人跌倒的风险,由此可知“它可以防止跌倒”适合作为本段的标题。故选 A。

10. A【解析】推理判断题。通读全文可知,本文主要介绍了太极拳的好处,由此可推测本文最可能出现在报纸的“运动”部分。故选 A。

C篇本文介绍了肠胃炎。

11. B【解析】根据“So you'll soon catch it if someone around you has it.”可知此处介绍它很容易传染,选项 B“它很容易传

播。”符合,故选 B。

12. F【解析】根据“Because of that, there's no medicine to make it go away.”以及结合后文,可知虽然没有药物可以让它消失,但是有办法避免它。选项 F“但您可以采取一些措施来避免感染它。”符合,故选 F。

13. D【解析】根据“Mix bleach with water, and use that to clean the rooms.”此处介绍清洁房间,选项 D“所以打扫你的房子也很重要。”符合,故选 D。

14. C【解析】根据“But when you feel ready to eat, try bananas, rice or bread.”此处提到了吃东西,选项 C“你可能不想吃太多。”符合,故选 C。

15. E【解析】根据“Once you're feeling better, don't return to work or school right away.”可知一旦你感觉好一点,不要立即返回工作岗位或学校。选项 E“感觉好一点后,你仍然可以传播几天疾病。”符合,故选 E。

二、A篇 16. easy 17. health 18. enough 19. However

20. suggestions 21. instead 22. always 23. surprised

24. Another 25. active

B篇本文关于如何过上健康的生活,作者给出了四条不太寻常但很实用的建议。

26. to live【解析】句意:您想过健康的生活吗?根据“Are you trying...a healthy life?”可知, live a healthy life 意为“过健康的生活”,try to do sth 意为“努力做某事”,故填 to live。

27. Exercise【解析】句意:当你累的时候锻炼一下。根据“After a long and tiring study, an offer to exercise might not...like a good idea, but it should.”可知,累的时候可以锻炼一下。exercise 意为“锻炼”,肯定的祈使句动词原形开头,句子首字母应大写。故填 Exercise。

28. sound【解析】句意:经过漫长而疲惫的学习后,提出锻炼可能听起来不是一个好主意,但它应该是。根据“like a good idea, but it should.”可知,sound like 意为“听起来”,情态动词 might 后跟动词原形。故填 sound。

29. can take【解析】句意:研究表明,只需 30 分钟的锻炼就能让您感觉良好!根据“...exercising for just 30 minutes...you feel good!”可知,30 分钟的锻炼就能让您感觉良好。make 意为“使,让”,符合语境。can 意为“能”,情态动词后跟动词原形。故填 can make。

30. writing【解析】句意:虽然用电脑写东西速度更快,但用手写下来记住整个事情要好得多。根据“When you read a handwritten text”可知,用手写下来。write 意为“写”,符合语境,介词 by 后跟动词 ing 形式。故填 writing。

31. to remember【解析】句意:当您阅读手写文本时,您的大脑自然会更容易记住这些信息。根据“When you read a handwritten text, naturally it's easier for your brain...the information.”可知,指更容易记住信息。remember 意为“记住”,由 it is easy for sb. to do sth. 表示对某人来说做某事是容易的”,推知,此处应用动词不定式作真正的主语。故填 to remember。

32. won't do【解析】句意:而且你不会冲动地做事。根据“By sparing the time for yourself and just being alone for a while, you can have a chance to think and get to know yourself better.”可知,腾出时间思考并更好的了解自己,因此将不会冲动地做事情。not do 意为“不做”。结合语境,此处应一般将来时,结构为 will do,其否定形式为 won't do。故填 won't do。

33. cools【解析】句意:在炎热的夏日早晨,什么东西会使人更凉爽?根据“The study shows that the hot water does make people...cooler”可知,此处应是问在炎热的夏日早晨,什么使人更凉爽。cool 意为“使变凉”,符合语境,疑问词 what 作主语,谓语动词用三单形式。故填 cools。

34. feel【解析】句意:研究表明,热水确实让人感到凉爽。根据“The study shows that the hot water does make people...cooler”可知,热水确实让人感到凉爽。feel 意为“感到”,符合

语境,make sb. do sth 意为“让某人做某事”。故填 feel。

35. are drinking【解析】句意:当你喝热的东西时,身体会感受到温度的变化并增加排汗,这有助于你降温!根据“Drink hot drinks on a hot day.”和“While you...something hot, the body will feel the change in temperature and increase the perspiration...”可知,当你喝热的东西时,身体会感受到温度的变化并增加排汗。drink 意为“喝”,符合语境。由“while”判断,此句应用现在进行时,结构为 be doing,主语为 you, be 动词用 are。故填 are drinking。

三、本文主要介绍了人体的细菌,细菌通常以哪些方式传播,以及我们该如何防护等。

36. We begin to feel uncomfortable.

37. Through air, saliva, sweat or blood.

38. 这就是为什么全天洗手如此重要。

39. For about twenty seconds.

40. Health.

To be a better self

Dear schoolmates,

I am Li Hua. I am glad to be here to give a speech about “To be a better self”. Being a better self, I think, means more than being excellent in study but being an all-round person.

In order to become a better version of ourselves, we should be grateful first. We should love our parents. We also should use our spare time to serve the community. If we meet people in need of help, we should lend a hand in time. Second, we should get close to nature. We should protect the environment and care for animals. We also should do volunteer work to promote the importance of animals and plants. Finally, we have to love ourselves. We should live a healthy life and develop our hobbies. We should learn ways to relax ourselves and keep a good mood.

I strongly believe that a better self can definitely lead us to a better future and let's make changes from now on.

That's all. Thanks for your listening!

Module 5 Cartoons

关键能力达标测试卷

一、本文是一篇应用文,主要介绍了卡通电影《闪电狗》的放映信息及内容。

1. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“Lasts: 1h 36mins”可知,电影持续 1 小时 36 分。故选 D。

2. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“Price: \$ 30 for adults \$ 15 for children (under 4 years old)”可知,玛丽带 8 岁女儿,需要 \$ 30 + \$ 30 = \$ 60。故选 D。

3. B【解析】推理判断题。根据“Bolt is an American white dog. He always played in the action TV show.”可知,Bolt 是明星小狗。故选 B。

4. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“Then he met two friends, a cat, Mittens, and a mouse, Rhino.”可知,Bolt 在路上遇到一只猫 Mittens 和一只老鼠 Rhino。故选 D。

5. A【解析】推理判断题。根据文章第二段对电影内容的介绍,可知这部电影最可能是一个喜剧故事。故选 A。

二、本文主要介绍了浙江绍兴小白花剧团以一种新形式表演《新龙门客栈》,吸引了很多观众的事。

6. A【解析】根据“In a special theater in Hangzhou, Zhejiang, a world of jianghu is brought to life through a Shaoxing Opera performance.”和“It is performed by Zhejiang Xiaobaihua, one of China's most famous Shaoxing Opera groups.”可知,此处应介绍表演的名字是什么,选项 A“这是《新龙门客栈》。”符合语境。故选 A。

7. C【解析】根据“Mostly it is because it mixes traditional Chinese opera with modern theater models.”可知,此处应介绍为什么人们对它感兴趣,选项 C“为什么年轻观众对它如此感兴趣?”

符合语境。故选 C。

8. E【解析】根据“The group has also designed many interactions with the audience, making each performance special.”和“Some of them have even watched our shows many times!”可知,此处说有很多观众来看这场表演,选项 E“数千名观众从全国各地来到杭州观看这场演出。”符合语境。故选 E。

9. B【解析】根据“When a tiny pebble is thrown, the DNA moves.”可知,此处与 DNA 有关,选项 B“戏剧是刻在中国人的基因里的。”符合语境。故选 B。

10. F【解析】根据“This is with the hope that operas can become a lifestyle in the future.”可知,此处是总结这种新形式的表演带来的影响,选项 F“《新龙门客栈》让更多的人看到了中国传统戏曲。”符合语境。故选 F。

三、11. funny 12. to have 13. training 14. more modern 15. go 16. humorous 17. own 18. private 19. artist 20. mess

四、21. We have already finished our homework.

22. It is time to get on the plane.

23. I don't think Li Lei will come to the concert tonight.

24. Keep working hard, and you will improve your English a lot.

25. Let's watch a cartoon together.

26. He is stronger than his elder brother.

27. The children made a terrible mess in the kitchen.

28. He keeps running every day.

29. I expect to hear from you, my dear friend.

30. I need many more friends to help me.

五、31. first 32. lovely 33. countries 34. excited 35. feeling/feelings 36. their 37. roles 38. hard 39. fun 40. among

A cartoon you can't miss

I like watching cartoons very much. There are many wonderful cartoons. Today I will recommend my favourite cartoon—Kung Fu Panda.

It's a funny and exciting cartoon movie. The main character Po looks lovely. He is very kind and brave. Po keeps practising kung fu and never gives up. Finally, he protects his village and villagers successfully.

I like this movie because it is very interesting and funny(高分句式). And I can learn a lot from it. I think we should always face difficulties like Po(高分句式).

核心素养提优测试卷

一、A篇本文介绍了《你想活出怎样的人生》这部电影的评论情况。

1. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“Today's the opening day of the new movie The Boy and the Heron. It is said to be the last cartoon movie by Hayao Miyazaki.”可知,这是宫崎骏的最后一部卡通电影。故选 B。

2. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“Wei Ying: I just came out from the theatre”和“11:12 IP: Zhejiang”可知,Wei Ying 大约在上午 11 点左右看完的,故选 A。

3. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“Lan Zhan: I went to the theatre this morning, and this was the first thing I did when I got up. Each character is very perfect, especially the heron, because it's not only the connection between the boy and himself but also the boy and the nature. I will try to find myself too.”可知,Lan Zhan 强调了苍鹭的重要性,故选 B。

4. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“He taught me how to face difficulties with a strong heart”, “because it's not only the connection between the boy and himself but also the boy and the nature. I will try to find myself too.”和“The death of the boy's mother changed him”可知,没有提到 D 选项“这座塔是保护自然的象征。”故选 D。

5. C【解析】推理判断题。根据文章格式和“Reposts 480...”以及“11:12 IP: Zhejiang”可知,文章来自新闻网站。故选 C。

B篇本文主要讲述了盲盒玩具现如今广受欢迎,并告诫大家:我

们可以为快乐付出,但不能冲动消费,所以我们有必要多想想商品的价值。

6. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据“Life is like a box of chocolates. You never know what you're going to get.”可知,作者引用了一句名言来引入话题。故选 D。

7. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“A blind box toy is hidden inside and the toy cannot be seen from the outside, so you have no idea what will be inside.”可知,盲盒是里面有一个你不知道是什么的玩具。故选 A。

8. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据“One reason for their popularity is because of their cute looks.”“Also, the mystery and uncertainty of the process also attracts people.”以及“Some young people think that blind boxes help them make friends with those who share the same interests and topics and find a sense of belonging.”可知,可爱的外表、发展友谊的机会以及开启过程的神秘让盲盒吸引了很多人。故选 C。

9. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据“We can pay for joy, but not for impulse, so it's necessary for us to think more about the value.”可知,最后一段作者想要告诉我们买盲盒玩具之前要想好。故选 C。

10. A 【解析】推理判断题。结合全文来看,本文主要讲述了盲盒玩具现如今广受欢迎,告诫了大家:我们可以为快乐付出,但不能冲动消费,所以我们有必要多想想商品的价值。因此本文可能来自报道。故选 A。

C 篇本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者在北京环球影城主题公园非常棒的一次旅行。

11. C 12. A 13. D 14. B 15. F

二、A 篇本文主要介绍了中国的孔明灯、剪纸和中国泥塑艺术等独特的传统艺术形式,阐明了这些传统艺术形式的用料和意义。

16. important 【解析】句意:这些传统艺术通常试图表现生活中重要的东西,比如爱,美和家庭。根据“...such as love, beauty and family.”可知,爱、美和家庭是生活中重要的东西。故填 important。

17. trouble 【解析】句意:当遇到麻烦时,他就放出孔明灯来求援。根据“He sent them out to ask for help...”可知,是遇到了麻烦。故填 trouble。

18. slowly 【解析】句意:当点亮时,灯会慢慢地上升到空中,像小的热气球一样,所有人都可以看见。表达“慢慢地”用副词 slowly。故填 slowly。

19. symbols 【解析】句意:它们被视为幸福和良好祝愿的光明象征。symbols of ...意为“.....的象征”。故填 symbols。

20. difficult 【解析】句意:剪纸听起来很容易,但做起来很难。but 表转折,表达“困难的”用形容词 difficult。故填 difficult。

21. During 【解析】句意:在春节期间,它们被贴在窗户上,门上和墙上,作为祈求好运和快乐新年的象征。表达“在.....期间”用介词 during。故填 During。

22. lively 【解析】句意:泥人通常是可爱的孩子或中国童话故事或历史故事中的活泼可爱的人物形象。表达“活泼可爱的”用形容词 lively。故填 lively。

23. then 【解析】句意:泥人由一种非常特殊的粘土经过手工精心制作,然后风干。连词 then 表“然后”连接前后两个动作。故填 then。

24. heat 【解析】句意:干燥后,它们在非常高的温度下进行烧制。表示“温度”用名词 heat。故填 heat。

25. love 【解析】句意:这些小陶瓷作品展示了中国人对于生活和美的热爱,表达“热爱”用名词 love。故填 love。

B 篇本文主要介绍了卡通爱好者 Jason 写的一篇关于如何制作卡通作品的文章。

26. has won 【解析】句意:他以前得过很多奖。根据 before 可知时态为现在完成时。故填 has won。

27. thought 【解析】句意:在我做之前,我首先考虑主要思想和主要人物。think of 表“考虑”,句子时态应为一般过去时,谓语

动词用过去式。故填 thought。

28. was travelling 【解析】句意:一天,当 Han 在穿过太阳系时,他看到了一个奇怪的房间,里面装满了电脑和照相机。travel through 表“穿越;通过;穿过”;while 引导的时间状语从句,主句为一般过去时,从句用过去进行时。故填 was travelling。

29. sent 【解析】句意:他进去了,然后突然有什么东西把他送到了地球。send sb to somewhere 表“把某人送到某地”,时态为一般过去时。故填 sent。

30. to communicate 【解析】句意:在他们的帮助下,他学会了如何与地球上的其他人交流。communicate with 表“交流”,此处为“疑问词 + 动词不定式”结构作宾语。故填 to communicate。

31. fought 【解析】句意:所以 Han 和他的朋友们与他们斗争。fight against 表“斗争”,句子为一般过去时,谓语动词用过去式。故填 fought。

32. laughing 【解析】句意:人们第一次见到他时都忍不住笑。can't help doing“忍不住做.....”。故填 laughing。

33. have created 【解析】句意:到目前为止,你已经创造了一个完整的卡通故事。根据时间状语“So far”可知句子用现在完成时。故填 have created。

34. are moving 【解析】句意:这是因为当你快速翻阅这些图片时,人物和物体看起来都在移动。此处表正在进行的动作,时态用现在进行时。故填 are moving。

35. must match 【解析】句意:他们的声音必须要和图片很匹配。match 表“匹配”符合,情态动词 must 表“必须”,后接动词原形。故填 must match。

三、本文主要讲述了姜家仁和漫画村。

36. In Yantai, Shandong Province.

37. He painted the village walls with different themes.

38. 我不知道我们村将来会是什么样,但是我会尽我最大的努力使它变得更好。

39. Amazing.

40. He will do his best to make it a better place.

四、The Lion King is my favourite movie. It tells the story of Simba, a young lion prince who overcomes countless challenges to reclaim his rightful place as the king of the Pride Lands(高分句式)。

The movie shows the circle of life, friendship and courage. I am fond of The Lion King because it teaches that only a friend in need is a friend indeed and only through perseverance can one reach his goals(高分句式). The beautiful animation, memorable songs, and lovable characters make it a great movie for viewers of all ages.

Li Hua,
China

期中测试卷

核心素养提优测试卷

一、1. C 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. B 6. B 7. A 8. C 9. C 10. B
11. B 12. A 13. B 14. C 15. C 16. B 17. B 18. C 19. B
20. A

21. twenty-eight / 28 22. clever 23. communicate 24. training
25. space

听力材料:

(一)录音中有五个句子,每个句子听两遍,然后从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出适当的答语。

1. Have you ever visited the Summer Palace?
2. We are going to have a football match with Class 1.
3. How about going to Disneyland together?
4. How long have you been in the city?
5. I don't feel well and I think I've had a bad cold.

(二)录音中有三个句子,每个句子对应一幅图片,每个句子听两遍,

然后选择与句子内容相对应的图片。

6. Going to the Great Wall in Beijing is Andy's dream.

7. Scientists have sent a spaceship to Mars.

8. Climbing mountains is dangerous but exciting.

(三)录音中有五组对话,听对话两遍后,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能回答所给问题的正确答案。

9. W: I have already made five model spaceships. What about you, Alan?

M: I have already made two more than you.

10. M: What a nice cake! It smells so delicious.

W: Thanks. Have a try!

11. M: There was a TV programme about sports and health at ten o'clock last night. Did you watch it?

W: Yes, I did. But I started to watch at ten ten.

12. W: Did you watch the cartoon Monsters University, David?

M: Yes, I watched it with Henry and I want to watch Spider Man with Tony.

13. M: Will Mr. Wang give us three reports this week?

W: Yes. On Tuesday, his report is about the earth. On Wednesday, about the sun. And on Friday, about the moon.

(四)录音中有一长段对话,听对话两遍后,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能回答所给问题的正确答案。

W: How can I help you?

M: I feel ill. I've got a stomachache.

W: How long have you been like this?

M: Since Monday. I've been ill for about three days.

W: I see. Have you caught a cold?

M: I don't think so.

W: Let me take your temperature. There is no fever. What kind of food do you eat?

M: Usually fast food.

W: Do you have breakfast?

M: No, not usually.

W: That's the problem. Fast food and no breakfast. That's why you have got a stomachache.

M: What should I do?

W: First, stop eating fast food. Second, get some exercise and I will give you some medicine. Take it twice a day.

(五)录音中有三小段独白,听独白两遍后,根据独白内容,将信息配对。

18. I'm Tom, I like travelling and sport. Travelling brings me closer to nature. My favourite sport is football. I think that playing football makes me strong and healthy.

19. I'm Jack. I don't like sports. I like to watch cartoon quietly. it takes me to a new world. Cartoon always makes me feel good and relaxed.

20. I'm Mark. When I have time, I often take out my camera and take some photos. I think the world is beautiful. I want to show the world's beauty to others.

(六)听力填表

Have you ever dreamed of walking in the universe? Astronauts can do that. But do you know how to become an astronaut? It takes many years of study and work so most of them begin when they are between twenty-eight and thirty-eight. Besides, becoming an astronaut also requires a lot. First, they should be clever enough to go to a university to study medicine or one of sciences. Second, astronauts come from many different countries so it is impossible to speak their own languages. They should be able to communicate in English. Third, astronauts must be healthy because the training can be very awful. Lastly, on a space ship astronauts should get used to living in very small

space. Are you interested in becoming an astronaut? Maybe you will become one of them.

笔试部分

二、A 篇本文主要介绍了健康饮食的几条建议;与他人共餐以观察健康的饮食习惯,倾听身体需求以避免误将口渴当饥饿,重视早餐的重要性,选择健康的零食如水果酸奶或奶酪,并避免晚餐过晚,以确保食物在睡前得到充分消化。

26. C 【解析】推理判断题。文中提到了诸多关于健康饮食的建议,像“Eat with others”(和他人一起用餐)“Don't eat dinner too late”(不要太晚吃晚餐)等,整体围绕健康饮食方面展开,而这些内容都和健康话题紧密相关,可以推断这篇文章大概率会出现在杂志的健康板块。故选 C。

27. D 【解析】细节理解题。文中明确指出“Eat healthy snacks like fruits, yogurt or cheese.”,给出了健康零食包含酸奶等的这一细节描述。结合给出的 A、B、C、D 四张图片判断,应该选酸奶。故选 D。

28. A 【解析】词义猜测题。根据原文“Try to eat dinner at least 3 hours before you go to bed. This will give your body a chance to digest most of the food before you rest for the next 8—10 hours.”表达的是提前吃晚餐能给身体提供一个在休息前消化大部分食物的可能,此处“chance”意为一种时机、可能性,而在选项中,“opportunity”同样表示“机会”,和“chance”在该语境下意思最为接近。故选 A。

29. C 【解析】细节理解题。选项 A,原文“Eat healthy snacks like fruits”表明吃水果是健康的饮食行为;选项 B,原文“Eat breakfast. Breakfast is the most important meal of the day.”体现出吃早餐是健康的做法;选项 D,原文“Eat with others...If you usually eat with your parents, you will find that the food you eat is more delicious.”说明和父母一起吃饭也是健康的饮食方式。而选项 C 中“吃得太晚”,与原文“Don't eat dinner late.”所倡导的健康饮食要求相违背。故选 C。

30. A 【解析】主旨归纳题。本文提到了一些具体的健康饮食建议内容。把这些建议综合起来看,整体都是围绕如何让人们养成健康、均衡的饮食习惯展开的。故选 A。

B 篇本文主要介绍了迪斯尼的新角色。

31. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据“Who is she? What makes her a huge superstar among Chinese people?”可知,LinaBell 成为中国人眼中的超级巨星,说明很快赢得了中国人的心。故选 C。

32. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据“And in 2021 came a top star—LinaBell, a pink fox”可知,LinaBell 是一只粉色的狐狸,C 选项符合,故选 C。

33. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Different from other Disney characters, Duffy and his friends are more like pop idols (偶像). Each has their own personality (个性), even though they don't have their own movies or TV shows.”可知,是因为它们每一个都有都有特殊的个性。故选 A。

34. C 【解析】代词指代题。根据“And the characters' fans really love them, calling themselves 'mommy fans', they call LinaBell 'daughter' and StellaLou 'baby'”可知,这些角色的粉丝们真的很喜欢它们,称自己为“妈咪粉”,他们称 LinaBell 为“女儿”,称 StellaLou 为“宝贝”。所以 they 指的是粉丝们,故选 C。

35. D 【解析】最佳标题题。根据“She first showed up in Shanghai Disneyland and soon swept the Chinese internet with her cute daily-life videos.”和全文可知,本文主要介绍了迪斯尼的新角色。故选 D。

C 篇本文主要讲述了很多人都知道垃圾是地球上的一个大问题,但不知道的是,垃圾也成了外太空的问题,介绍了太空垃圾潜在的危害。

36. C 【解析】词句猜测题。根据“According to BBC News, there are more than 22,000 pieces of space rubbish around the Earth. And these are just the things that we can see from the

Earth.”可知,地球周围漂浮着22,000多件太空垃圾,这些只是我们从地球看到的垃圾,由此可推出这些指代上文提到的太空垃圾。故选C。

37. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Things, like bits of old spaceships or satellites (卫星), move around the planet so fast that even a very small piece can break important satellites or become dangerous to astronauts. If the smallest piece of rubbish crashed (碰撞) a spaceship, something would go wrong.”可知,这些太空垃圾在地球上移动得很快,很小的碎片也会损坏卫星,给宇航员带来危险。故选D。

38. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据“To make space rubbish less, countries have agreed that all new space tools can only stay in space for 25 years at most. Each tool must be built to fall safely into the Earth's atmosphere (大气层) after that time.”可知,为了减少太空垃圾,各国同意所有新的太空工具最多只能在太空停留25年,每一个工具都必须在那之后安全地落入地球大气层,由此可知这样做是为了不让这些工具成为太空垃圾。故选B。

39. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据“The Germans are building robots that can collect pieces of space rubbish and bring them back to the Earth to make it safe.”可知,德国人打算用机器人来回收太空垃圾。故选B。

40. A 【解析】推理判断题。根据“Many people know that rubbish is a big problem on the planet Earth. What many people don't know is that rubbish has become a problem in outer space too.”可知,本文说的是关于太空垃圾的问题,故推出本文最有可能出自报纸的环境部分。故选A。

D 篇本文主要讲述了中国近视人口的现状及相关情况,并告诫人们要好好保护视力。

41. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据“China Daily reported more serious vision problems in China in 2019. In the report, 80% senior high school students are short-sighted, followed by 71% in junior high school, 36% in primary school and 14% of 6-year-olds.”可知,80%的高中生近视,所以近视问题在高中生之中似乎是最严重的。故选D。

42. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据“What causes this eyesight problem? Besides family history, there are some other reasons, such as not having enough outdoor activities, being short of enough sleep and too much use of electronic products.”可知,家族遗传、没有足够的户外活动、缺乏睡眠以及过度使用电子产品都会导致近视。故选B。

43. A 【解析】词义猜测题。根据“In the report, 80% senior high school students are short-sighted, followed by 71% in junior high school, 36% in primary school and 14% of 6-year-olds. The shocking numbers are still rising these days.”可知,报告显示,80%的高中生近视,其次初中生的近视率为71%,小学生为36%,6岁儿童的近视率为14%。而这些惊人的数字仍在上升。划线单词 shocking 意为“令人震惊的”,与 surprising 近义。故选A。

44. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段中的“However, many young people don't take shortsightedness seriously before they are short-sighted.”可知,许多年轻人在近视之前都不把近视当回事。故选C。

45. A 【解析】主旨大意题。根据“Let's try our best to take care of the windows of our hearts—eyes.”以及通读全文后可知,本文主要讲述了中国近视人口的现状及相关情况,并告诫人们要好好保护视力。故选A。

三、本文介绍了不同国家的动画片及中国动画片的发展历程。

46. F 【解析】根据“For example, the popular Japanese cartoon *Naruto* shows us life about ninjas.”可知,此处介绍不同国家的动画所展现的主题。选项F“中国漫画展示了我们的传统文化,像水墨画和剪纸。”符合语境,故选F。

47. D 【解析】根据“They were arts of oil painting, paper cutting or puppets.”可知,此处介绍早期动画的制作方式。选项D“早期的动画片很短,而且通常是手工制作的。”符合语境,故选D。

48. E 【解析】根据“What's happened to cartoons over the past years in China? ...Little Tadpole Looking for Mom (1961) was China's first ink-painting cartoon...”可知,此处介绍中国动画的发展历程。选项E“1949年后,中国开始制作具有自己特色的动画片。”符合语境,故选E。

49. A 【解析】根据“Over the next twenty years, China made many excellent cartoons.”可知,此处介绍中国动画的发展趋势向好。选项A“我们的动画片开始变得越来越好。”符合语境,故选A。

50. B 【解析】根据“China has its International Cartoon Festival in Hangzhou every year.”可知,此处介绍中国动画相关产业。选项B“现在,中国的动漫产业发展迅速。”符合语境,故选B。

四、A篇本文是一篇记叙文,作者向我们介绍了自己去深圳旅行的经历。

51. Indian 【解析】句意:对我来说,我是一个印度人。根据“My company successfully sold the...made in Shenzhen in India,”可知,作者是印度人,Indian“印度人”。故填 Indian。

52. products 【解析】句意:我的公司成功地把深圳制造的产品卖到了印度,这把我带到了深圳。根据“sold the...made in Shenzhen in India”可知是售卖深圳制造的产品,product“产品”符合,空处应用可数名词复数形式。故填 products。

53. up 【解析】句意:深圳是20世纪80年代建立的中国经济特区之一。set up“设立”,动词短语。故填 up。

54. for 【解析】句意:它已经成为一个以电子产品闻名的城市。根据“It has grown to be a city famous...electronic products.”可知,此处是 be famous for 短语,意为“以……而闻名”。故填 for。

55. cheaper 【解析】句意:你可以乘出租车,但是乘坐地铁或公共汽车更便宜,也更方便。根据“but using metros or buses is much...and more convenient”可知,乘坐地铁或公共汽车比乘坐出租车更加便宜也更方便,此处用形容词比较级。故填 cheaper。

56. during 【解析】句意:在此期间,我只参观了福田、南山和罗湖的部分地区。根据“...my stay.”可知,此处表达在我逗留期间,during“在……期间”符合。故填 during。

57. first 【解析】句意:我在深圳参观的第一个地方是购物区,那里几乎各种各样的电子产品都以合理的价格出售。结合备选词,此处作定语修饰 place,用序数词形式。故填 first。

58. my 【解析】句意:我和我的朋友们在那个地区闲逛,和来自美国、德国、澳大利亚和其他国家的人聊天很开心。空处缺少形容词性物主代词,表达我的朋友们。故填 my。

59. deeply 【解析】句意:总之,我们被深深地打动了。空处缺少副词修饰谓语动词“impressed”,表达印象深刻,deep 的副词形式为 deeply“深深地”。故填 deeply。

60. Although 【解析】句意:虽然我的旅行很短,但我的深圳之行让我对这个城市有了更清楚的了解。前后分句构成转折关系,although“虽然”,首字母大写。故填 Although。

B 篇本文主要讲述了张明祥巧妙地将中国传统绘画技巧与谐音的运用相结合,他经常以幽默的方式创作和分享绘画和视频,这样的独特风格深受喜爱。

61. is known 【解析】句意:这幅作品是在微信上被称为“我是超人CR”的张明祥创作的。根据“who...as 'Wo Shi Chao RenCR' on Wechat.”,结合备选词可知,此处应该表达在微信上被称为“我是超人CR”。know“知道”,动词,be known as,固定搭配,意为“被称为”符合语境,陈述事实,时态为一般现在时,又结合横线前“This work was created by Zhang Mingxiang”可知,主语是“Zhang Mingxiang”,所以此处 be 动词用 is。故填 is known。

62. mixes 【解析】句意:张将国画技法与谐音的运用巧妙地融合在一起。根据语境可知,时态为一般现在时,结合“Zhang skillfully...traditional Chinese painting skills with the use of homophony.”以及备选词可知,此处应该表达张将国画技法与谐音的运用巧妙地融合在一起。mix“把……融合”,动词,主语是“Zhang”,所以此处用第三人称单数形式 mixes。故填 mixes。

63. to draw 【解析】句意:“读得越多越想自己画。”根据横线前“want”可知,want to do sth,固定搭配,意为“想要做某事”,结合前文“I grew up with picture books,’ Zhang said.”和备选词可知,此处应该指的是想自己画,draw“画”,动词,此处应该用不定式 to draw,作宾语。故填 to draw。

64. selling 【解析】句意:2018年,当他看到有人在抖音上出售中国书法时,他萌生了画可爱动物的想法。根据“when he saw people...Chinese handwriting on Douyin.”可知,see sb doing sth,固定搭配,意为“看到某人正在做某事”,结合横线后“Chinese handwriting on Douyin.”,结合备选词可知,此处指的是看到有人在抖音上出售中国书法,sell“出售”,动词,此处应该用 selling,现在分词作宾语补足语。故填 selling。

65. seemed 【解析】句意:“黑白的对我来说似乎有点无聊。”张说。根据语境可知,时态为一般过去时,又分析句子“The black and white...a bit boring to me”可知,此处缺系动词,结合备选词可知,此处应该表达黑白的对我来说似乎有点无聊,seem,表象系动词,意为“似乎”符合语境,其过去式是 seemed。故填 seemed。

66. could use 【解析】句意:我想也许我可以用一些可爱动物的图片来代替文字,就在那时我开始尝试我的想法。根据“and that's when I began to try out my idea.”可知,时态为一般过去时,结合横线后“some pictures of cute animals instead of the words”,结合备选词可知,此处应该表达我想也许我可以用一些可爱动物的图片来代替文字,can“能”,情态动词后跟动词原形,其过去式是 could,use,动词原形,意为“使用”符合语境。故填 could use。

67. was trying 【解析】句意:有一次,当他试图画一个关于武松打虎的中国故事时,他突然想到一个主意:为什么不画五只松鼠,这可以被认为是“武松”?根据“Once”和“an idea suddenly hit him”可知,时态为过去进行时,结构为:was/were+现在分词,又根据“when he...to draw a Chinese story about Wu Song fighting a tiger”,结合备选词可知,此处表达当他试图画一个关于武松打虎的中国故事时,他突然想到一个主意,主语是“he”,所以此处 be 动词用 was,try“尝试,试图”,动词,其现在分词是 trying。故填 was trying。

68. has begun 【解析】句意:从那以后,他开始在他的文字游戏中使用谐音。根据“Since then”可知,时态为现在完成时,结合为:has/have+过去分词,主语是“he”,所以此处用 has,又根据横线后“to use homophony in his wordplay”,结合备选词可知,此处应该表达:从那以后,他开始在他的文字游戏中使用谐音。begin“开始”,动词,其过去分词是 begun。故填 has begun。

69. will go 【解析】句意:他希望自己的特殊风格能够走出国门,赢得全世界人民的心。根据分析句子“He hopes...”可知,时态为一般将来时,结构为:will+动词原形,又根据横线后“abroad and win the hearts of people around the world”,结合备选词,此处表达他希望自己的特殊风格能够走出国门,赢得全世界人民的心。go abroad,意为“出国”。故填 will go。

70. Work 【解析】句意:这是在提醒自己:努力工作成为比他更优秀的人。根据“...hard to be more than who he is.”,结合备选词可知,此处应该表达努力工作成为比他更优秀的人。work,动词,意为“工作”符合语境,位于句首,首字母要大写。故填 Work。

五、本文主要介绍了几种处理悲伤的方法。

71. Five/5. 【解析】根据“Accept (接受) your sadness.”,“Speak about your sadness.”,“Put your sadness into written words.”,“Take part in activities.”和“See a doctor.”可知,作者一共给出了五种处理悲伤的方式,故填 Five./5.

72. 你不必告诉每个人一切,但是和朋友或家人谈谈你的感受是很好的。【解析】You“你”;don't have to“不必”;tell“告诉”;everybody“每个人”;everything“一切”;but“但是”;it is nice to...“做某事是好的”;talk to friends or family“和朋友或家人谈谈”;your feelings“你的感受”。故填:你不必告诉每个人一切,但是和朋友或家人谈谈你的感受是很好的。

73. When the sadness starts to interfere with my everyday life seriously. 【解析】根据文中“If your sadness starts to interfere with your everyday life seriously, you should ask your doctor for help.”可知,如果你的悲伤开始严重干扰你的日常生活,你应该向你的医生寻求帮助,故填 When the sadness starts to interfere with my everyday life seriously.

74. I usually listen to music. 【解析】根据文中“Read a good book, listen to music, exercise or take a walk outside.”可知,当我感到悲伤时,我通常会听音乐,故填 I usually listen to music.

75. How to deal with your sadness 【解析】根据“When you are sad, you need to find ways to deal with (处理) your sadness. When you learn how to deal with your sadness...”及全文可知,本文主要介绍了如何处理悲伤。故填 How to deal with your sadness。

六、

How to Make Myself Better

As a teenager, I think I will try my best to make myself better.

First of all, it's important to have a healthy lifestyle. I will eat healthily and do more exercise every day in order to keep healthy. It's also necessary for me to learn how to control my feelings. (高分句式) What's more, having good qualities is important as well. I should be kind, helpful and polite to other people. Besides, I will take part in more activities and develop different hobbies. It can make me grow as a person and help me learn new skills. What I do can develop myself fully. (高分句式)

I'm sure I will make myself better and better.

Module 6 Hobbies

关键能力达标测试卷

一、A篇本文主要介绍了笔迹学专家 Tracey 对常见涂鸦及其含义的研究结果。不同的形狀代表了不同的心理特征和个性。

1. B 2. D 3. A 4. C 5. D

B 篇本文介绍了领导力俱乐部宣传快板的情况,他们通过很多方法来推广这门民间艺术,以及介绍这个俱乐部的其他项目和俱乐部的创办宗旨。

6. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“In a park in Tianjin, there were two middle school students performing the traditional Chinese folk art—kuaiban.”可知,文章是通过讲故事开头的,故选 A。

7. C 【解析】词义猜测题。根据“We invited Duan Xiaofeng and Zhu Wangchang, two young inheritors of Wangpai kuaiban, to perform inside and outside the school...”可知,段晓峰和朱旺昌是快板传承人,单词“inheritors”指的是“传承者”,故选 C。

8. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Jin Shimin set up his kuaiban project. 'Kuaiban is a Chinese cultural heritage, and I hope more people could fall in love with it,' Jin said.”可知,他认为快板是中国的文化遗产,他希望更多的人爱上它,故选 D。

9. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据“...there were two middle school students performing the traditional Chinese folk art—kuaiban. The students were from the Leadership Club of Tianjin TEDA No. 1 Middle School.”以及“The Leadership Club has many other projects, such as garbage classification and career planning.”可知,领导力俱乐部有快板、垃圾分类和职业规划项目,故选 B。

10. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据“Through these projects, students learn problem-solving and communicating, which

will help them become good leaders in the future"可知,这些项目将有助于培养学生的领导能力,故选 B。

二、11. valuable 12. dollars 13. shelves 14. to swim 15. stamp
16. pleasure 17. fan 18. playing 19. hobbies 20. part

三、21. My hobbies have brought me success and fun.
22. I can't do anything with these old newspapers.
23. Come in and find somewhere to sit down.
24. He made a lot of mistakes in the composition contest.
25. I missed the first bus.
26. As well as the usual activities, such as basketball and football, there was a music class.
27. This magazine isn't popular with the students.
28. I bought my father a new pair of shoes last week.
29. When I was young, my grandmother often told funny stories.
30. Thanks for looking after my little sister so well.

四、31. hobbies 32. free 33. age 34. interested 35. second
36. sports 37. favourite 38. well 39. player 40. yourself

五、Dear Alex,

I'm glad to hear from you. My favourite thing from childhood is my teddy bear. I've had it since I was three years old. My grandmother gave it to me on my birthday.

I like the teddy bear so much because it's dressed in my favourite colour(高分句式). It's special to me because my grandmother made it for me. The teddy bear has given me many good memories.

I think I will keep it forever to remind me of my grandmother(高分句式).

核心素养提优测试卷

一、A 篇本文主要介绍了两项全能比赛。

1. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“*A duathlon is an exciting sporting event where you take part in a run, then a cycle and then finish with another run.*”可知“duathlon”有两项不同的运动,一个跑步,另一个是自行车赛,故选 D。

2. C【解析】细节理解题。根据“*For older children... Generally, the second running is half the distance of the first.*”(对于年龄较大的孩子……一般来说,第二次跑的距离是第一次跑的一半。)可知选 C。

3. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“*A duathlon is an exciting sporting event where you take part in a run, then a cycle and then finish with another run.*”可知两项全能中要跑两次。故选 A。

4. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“*Get your running shoes and get ready to jump on your bike. A duathlon is an exciting sporting event where you take part in a run, then a cycle and then finish with another run.*”可知两项全能需要能够跑和骑自行车,所以②不符合,排除,①和③都可以。故选 B。

5. D【解析】推理判断题。本文主要介绍了两项全能比赛,所以可以在报纸的运动部分看到,故选 D。

B 篇本文主要讲述了巴西学生 Mateus Felipe 学习中文和音乐的历程。

6. C【解析】细节理解题。根据“*My Chinese friends are surprised to see a Brazilian man singing in putonghua.*”可知,人们感到惊讶是因为他可以用中文演唱很多歌曲。故选 C。

7. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“*For him, learning Chinese has been an interesting journey...*”可知,他觉得很有趣,故选 A。

8. D【解析】段落大意题。根据“*Music isn't just something interesting for him, but a way of life. Throughout his musical journey, he has grown not only as a singer but also as a person.*”可知,本段主要讲述了音乐带给他的意义,故选 D。

9. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“*Every Thursday, he has rehearsals with his partners.*”可知,每周四排练,所以一个月

通常排练四次,故选 D。

10. D【解析】推理判断题。本文主要讲述了巴西学生 Mateus Felipe 学习中文和音乐的经历,最可能是“一篇介绍”,故选 D。

C 篇本文主要讲述的是 Jocelyn 喜欢阅读。

11. E 12. A 13. D 14. B 15. C

二、A 篇本文讲述了作者对摄影的兴趣以及一次拍摄火山爆发的经历,这次经历不仅给作者带来了好运,还让作者决定成为一名摄影师。

16. interests 【解析】句意:不同的人有不同的兴趣和爱好。此处应填名词复数形式,且意义和 hobbies 相近,结合备选词可知,此处指不同的人有不同的兴趣爱好,interests“兴趣”符合语境。故填 interests。

17. stamps 【解析】句意:有些人喜欢收集邮票或硬币。根据“*collecting*”和备选词可知,此处指收集邮票, stamps“邮票”符合语境,此处应填名词复数形式表泛指。故填 stamps。

18. sailing 【解析】句意:有些人喜欢游泳或航行。此处应填动名词,且是一种爱好,备选词 sailing“航行”符合语境。故填 sailing。

19. pleasure 【解析】句意:它给我带来了很多乐趣,让我放松。此处应是指带来很多乐趣, pleasure“乐趣”符合语境,不可数名词。故填 pleasure。

20. as 【解析】句意:现在作为一名高中生,我很忙。此处是说自己作为高中生的情况,as“作为”符合语境。故填 as。

21. break 【解析】句意:当我们在半山腰休息时,我开始拍照。此处考查 take a break“休息一下”。故填 break。

22. Suddenly 【解析】句意:突然,发生了巨大的爆炸。上文讲述了作者开始拍照,结合“*there was a huge explosion*”可知,此处应填副词作状语,备选词 sudden 的副词形式 suddenly“突然”符合语境,句首首字母大写。故填 Suddenly。

23. person 【解析】句意:后来,我才知道那是一次火山爆发,我是唯一一个拍摄火山喷发照片的人。根据“*who had taken pictures of the eruption*”可知,who 指代的先行词应是人,此处应填名词, person“人”符合语境。故填 person。

24. valuable 【解析】句意:编辑说我的照片很有价值,并买下了我所有的照片。valuable“有价值的”符合语境。故填 valuable。

25. success 【解析】句意:拍照给我带来了好运和成功。successful 的名词形式 success“成功”符合语境。故填 success。

B 篇 26. make 27. celebrated 28. having 29. play 30. can't live 31. learned 32. to buy 33. can run 34. shoot 35. gives

三、本文讲述了一些令人上瘾的东西,其中主要列举了购物癖及其危害。

36. 成瘾
37. Because they want to use this activity as a way to forget their problems.

38. 有些人在悲伤、担心、沮丧或孤独时去购物,他们想感觉更好。
39. cause many problems

40. Shopaholics

My Hobby

Hello, everyone. It's my honour to share something about my hobby with you. As we all know, everyone has their own hobbies. So do I. My hobby is reading books and I've read books since I was a second-grade student(高分句式)。

My parents are very pleased and satisfied to know that I have a hobby of reading books. Whenever I ask them to buy books for me, they always take me to the bookshops to pay for all the books I choose(高分句式). They think reading books is very helpful for my growth and studying. Thanks to the support from my parents, I have kept this hobby for six years. I really enjoy reading all kinds of books and I get to know more and more about the world through the books.

Reading books is more than a hobby, so I'll keep this hobby

all my life.

That's all for my sharing. Thank you for listening.

Module 7 Summer in Los Angeles

关键能力达标测试卷

一、A 篇本文介绍了一张国家公园的地图和米勒夫妇与他们的孩子们将去国家公园游玩的一段对话。

1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. A

B 篇本文主要讲述了在英国、俄罗斯和新加坡三个国家,学校是如何培养学生的劳动技能的。

6. C【解析】细节理解题。根据“*For example, there's a cooking club that teaches easy recipes.*”可知,学生在烹饪俱乐部学习简单的食谱。故选 C。

7. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“*At my school, design technology is a course that starts from Grade 7.*”可知,设计技术课程从七年级开始。故选 B。

8. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“*Apart from doing volunteer work, students can make money in summer by working in cafes and shops.*”可知,俄罗斯的学生夏天在咖啡馆和商店工作。故选 D。

9. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“*Li Luofei, 13, Singapore*”可知, Li Luofei 年龄为 13 岁。故选 B。

10. A【解析】词义猜测题。根据“*Students sell some of the pencils they made in their engineering class or give them away.*”可知,学生出售他们制作的铅笔,因此“them”指代的是“pencils”。故选 A。

二、11. take 12. to tell 13. sunny 14. more expensive
15. to say 16. crazy/mad 17. passport 18. list 19. weight
20. depend

三、21. How long 22. not go 23. had fun/enjoyed themselves
24. get; ready 25. when to 26. How; check 27. think of
28. prefers; to 29. to win 30. Which course

四、31. many 32. since 33. friends 34. well 35. difference
36. ourselves 37. great 38. really 39. news 40. test

五、In order to help students know more about farms, learn about agricultural culture, get close to nature, and experience labour practice, Dezhou NO. 1 Middle School held a farm trip last month(高分句式)。

On that Sunday, we visited a farm with the help of the guide. After that, we did a lot of work on the farm. We learned to plant peanuts and tomatoes and pick strawberries. After lunch, we also fed chickens and rode horses as well. We had great fun there and took a lot of beautiful pictures there.

We enjoyed the farm trip very much. I think it's very meaningful to learn some basic farming skills and that we should take part in more activities like this(高分句式)。

核心素养提优测试卷

一、A 篇本文主要介绍了可以帮助你进入美国高中的组织 Nacel,以及该组织提供的三个项目。

1. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“*Nacel, a great organisation.*”可知, Nacel 是一个组织。故选 B。

2. C

3. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“*Besides offering common subjects of other high school, this programme offers STEM subjects, giving students the chance to develop skills and knowledge in the areas of science, technology, engineering, and maths.*”可知,国际学校项目的特别之处是提供 STEM 科目。故选 A。

4. C【解析】细节理解题。根据“*Live in an American family in the USA! The homestay programme offers teenagers chances to experience the everyday life of a host family in the USA. Our wonderful hosts will help you to know the local community as soon as possible.*”可知,该项目帮助学生了解美国人的日常生活。

活。故选 C。

5. D【解析】主旨大意题。通读全文可知,本文主要介绍了可以帮助你进入美国高中的组织 Nacel,以及该组织提供的三个项目,因此本文是让学生们加入这些项目。故选 D。

B 篇本文介绍了曼迪在泰国研学时的所见所闻。

6. C【解析】细节理解题。根据“*There are Mr. and Mrs. Phairat, their son Sanan, who is 18, the daughter Chinda, who is 16, and Grandpa and Grandma.*”可知,有六个家庭成员。故选 C。

7. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“*The cooking lesson is my favourite*”可知,她最喜欢烹饪课,故选 D。

8. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“*I thought it was great, but Sanan and Chinda say that next month they're taking me to Phuket Island*”可知,下个月,曼迪要去普吉岛。故选 B。

9. C【解析】推理判断题。根据“*My stay in Thailand has certainly been a wonderful experience of my life.*”可知,在泰国期间是曼迪一生中美好的经历,所以曼迪在泰国时很兴奋。故选 C。

解题诀窍

：

推理判断巧突破

把握文章的内在逻辑关系,以文章提供的事实和观点为依据,立足原文,推断未知。不能主观臆造,凭空想象,随意揣测,更不能以自己的观点代替作者的观点。

10. A【解析】主旨大意题。根据“*I go to an international school with Sanan and Chinda. The school teaches about 70 percent in English*”和文章可知,文章介绍了曼迪在泰国研学时的所见所闻。故选 A。

C 篇本文是一篇记叙文,讲述了关于家庭寄宿的事情。

11. B 12. C 13. E 14. F 15. A

二、A 篇本文介绍了一个暑期法语课程的安排和优势。

16. way【解析】句意:与参加我们语言课程的各国数百名年轻人一样,您可以通过有趣的方式学习法语,充分利用假期,同时发现法国最美丽的地区之一——尼斯!根据“*by studying French in an interesting*”可知,这里是指通过有趣的方式学习法语,way 意为“方式;方法,手段;途径”,由 an 可知,这里用单数。故填 way。

17. weeks【解析】句意:我们的暑期课程在七月和八月持续三周。根据“*Our summer course lasts three... in July and August.*”及所给的选项可知,这里是持续三周,week 意为“周”,由 three 可知,这里用复数 weeks。故填 weeks。

18. time【解析】句意:欢迎您在 7 月至 8 月期间的任何时间前来。根据“*come at any... between July and August.*”及所给的选项可知,这里指任何时间,at any time 意为“在任何时间”。故填 time。

19. you【解析】句意:你可以选择住在寄宿家庭,但我们建议你住在我们的国际夏令营。分析句子结构可知,此处缺少主语,结合所给的选项可知,这里用 you 作主语。故填 you。

20. friends【解析】句意:它使结识其他人和结交新朋友变得容易。根据“*meet other people*”及所给的选项可知,这里是结交新朋友,friend 意为“朋友”,此处用复数。故填 friends。

21. close【解析】句意:更重要的是,你可以在靠近海滩的同一栋楼里上课!根据“*in the same building which is... to the beach!*”及所给的选项可知,这里指靠近海滩的同一栋楼,be close to 意为“靠近”。故填 close。

22. if【解析】句意:如果您住在法国寄宿家庭,免费巴士服务将带您上下学,如果您住在夏令营,则可以让您进入市中心。根据“*you are living at the summer camp*”及所给的选项可知,这里是由 if 引导的句子。故填 if。

23. with【解析】句意:无论您何时选择来,我们都会组织短途旅行、聚会、体育和其他活动,并为您提供讲法语的机会。根据“*provide you... the chance of speaking French.*”及所给的选项可知

可知,这里是为您提供讲法语的机会,provide sb. with sth. 为某人提供某物。故填 with。

24. enjoyable 【解析】句意:因此,您在尼斯的逗留不仅是一次教育,也是一次愉快的经历。根据“but also an... experience”及所给的选项可知,这里指一次愉快的经历, enjoy 意为“喜欢”,这里用形容词 enjoyable。故填 enjoyable。

25. different 【解析】句意:除了为您提供许多与来自不同文化的人见面的机会外,我们还将尽一切努力确保您的住宿难忘!根据“meet other people from...cultures,”及所给的选项可知,这里指来自不同文化的人, different 意为“不同的”。故填 different。

B 篇 26. have been 27. came 28. fell 29. leaving
30. will continue 31. to improve 32. won't use 33. helps
34. learning 35. making

三、本文是一篇说明文,介绍了国际中文日及汉语在国际上的影响及发展。

36. It can help to spread the UN's voice and promote communications between countries.

37. Chinese Language: Together for a Bright Future.

38. On around April 20th.

39. 中国希望以汉语作为促进人文交流的桥梁。

40. The development and influence of Chinese

四、Dear Jack,

I'd like to share something fun about our study tour to the Palace Museum with you.

Our school organised a study tour to the Palace Museum last Saturday. It is the place where emperors lived. We took a bus to get there. There are a lot of splendid houses in the Palace Museum, where we saw many treasures (高分句式). I felt amazed when I heard the expert introduce the excellent skills of buildings(高分句式). Through this study tour, not only did I enjoy the beautiful buildings, but also I learnt a lot about the history of them.

I hope that I will visit the Palace Museum again.

Yours,

Li Hua

Module 8 Time off

关键能力达标测试卷

一、A 篇本文主要讲述了敦煌旅游越来越受欢迎。

1. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Flying Apsaras is the symbol of Dunhuang art. Dunhuang Flying Apsaras cosplay is becoming popular among travellers in Dunhuang, northwest China's Gansu Province, this summer.”可知,敦煌飞天的角色扮演是这个夏天流行起来的。故选 A。

2. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据“...travellers dress up in beautiful light clothes to take photos, cosplaying Dunhuang Flying Apsaras at the Mingsha Mountain scenic spot in Dunhuang.”可知,拍摄沙漠照片是旅行者最感兴趣的。故选 C。

3. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据“It takes about 40 minutes to one hour to finish this journey.”可知,骑骆驼的旅程大约需要 40 分钟到一个小时。故选 C。

4. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“We do a lot of work to make sure travellers can have a good travel experience, such as adding more cars and planning more workers for a tidy environment.”可知,景区增加了更多的车,安排了更多的工人以营造一个整洁的环境来让游客有一个好的旅游体验。故选 A。

5. D 【解析】最佳标题题。通读全文并根据“It's reported that Dunhuang receive 2.8 million visits this year.”可知,文章主要讲述了敦煌旅游越来越受欢迎。故选 D。

B 篇 本文主要讲述了暑假就要来了,琳达的父母想带她去中国福建,现在她正在看一家国际旅行社的网站以及网站的内容。

6. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据 Package includes 中“Free breakfast, lunch and dinner; Free WiFi; Homelike hotels; English-speaking guide; Tickets to tourist sites”可知,包含免费早餐、午餐和晚餐;免费的无线网络;舒适的酒店;英语导游;旅游景点门票。故选 B。

7. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Call us at +86 188 0680 0388”可知,可以打电话预定套餐,故选 A。

8. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据 Price 中“US \$ 688 per person (children under ten 50% off)”可知,每人 688 美元(10 岁以下儿童 5 折),所以琳达一家要去的话需要 $3 * \$ 688 = \$ 2,064$, 故选 D。

9. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Activities: climb hills, take a bamboo raft, pick tea leaves, drink tea, watch live show...”可知,在武夷山上的活动有:爬山,坐竹筏,采摘茶叶,喝茶,看现场表演,故选 B。

10. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据 Suggestions 中“Learn more about China (history, culture, weather) before going.”可知,旅行社建议去之前多了解一下中国历史、文化、天气。故选 C。

二、11. dangerous 12. sing 13. talking 14. to take 15. not play 16. thirsty 17. scenery 18. hardly 19. mountain 20. wasting

三、21. without having/eating 22. not go 23. don't; can 24. heard; singing 25. that; travels 26. so; that 27. so clever 28. don't think 29. How large 30. It's wrong

四、本文主要介绍了四个世界奇观。

31. wonders 【解析】句意:巨石阵大约有 5000 年的历史,是世界奇迹之一。根据“one of the”和备选词汇可知,此处需要名词复数,巨石阵是世界奇观之一, wonders 符合句意,故填 wonders。

32. how 【解析】句意:现在人们仍然想知道人们是如何在没有机器帮助的情况下移动这些巨石的。根据“people moved the huge stones without the help of machines”和备选词汇可知,想知道如何移动这些巨石,how 符合句意,故填 how。

33. and 【解析】句意:它长约 120 公里,宽约 240 公里。根据“120 kilometres long”和备选词汇可知,前后是并列成分, and 符合句意,故填 and。

34. completely 【解析】句意:它是一个非常重要的岛屿,因为它完全由沙子构成。根据“made of sand”和备选词汇可知,副词修饰动词,completely 符合句意,故填 completely。

35. but 【解析】句意:岛上没有机场,但沿着东海岸有一个长长的海滩。根据“there is a long beach along the east coast”和备选词汇可知,前后为转折关系, but 符合句意,故填 but。

36. centuries 【解析】句意:大约 40 万件不同世纪的艺术品正在展出。根据“from different”和备选词汇可知,来自不同世纪的艺术品,需要名词复数形式, centuries 符合句意,故填 centuries。

37. them 【解析】句意:其中,《蒙娜丽莎》是最有名的。根据“Among”和备选词汇可知,此处用 them 代指上文提到的艺术品,故填 them。

38. natural 【解析】句意:它是著名的自然奇观。根据“The Grand Canyon”和备选词汇可知,这是一个自然奇观,形容词作定语, natural 符合句意,故填 natural。

39. below 【解析】句意:科罗拉多河在大峡谷下方近一英里处,它就像一个银色的梦。根据“The Colorado River is nearly one mile...”和备选词汇可知,科罗拉多河在大峡谷下方近一英里处, below 符合句意,故填 below。

40. bad 【解析】句意:但是不要喂它们,因为人类的食物对许多动物都是有害的。根据“But don't feed them”和备选词汇可知,人类的食物对动物有害, bad 符合句意,故填 bad。

五、 I'm very excited because the summer holidays are coming.

I'm going on a three-day visit to Shanghai with my good friends. We will go there by plane. On the first day of our trip, we are

going to visit the Disneyland. I'd like to take some photos with Mickey Mouse. We also plan to visit the museum. On the second day, we will visit the Oriental Pearl Tower. At night, we can take a ship to travel around the city and enjoy the beautiful night view(高分句式). On the third day, we decide to do some shopping. There are many kinds of delicious food in Shanghai, and we can enjoy the local food and buy some for our friends.

I think we will have fun in Shanghai. We can't wait to go there.

核心素养提优测试卷

一、A 篇短文说的是美国加州的青少年 Elle Gianelli 通过“袜子项目”给老人们带去欢乐和温暖。

1. C 2. D 3. B 4. A

解题诀窍

主旨大意题速成法

主旨大意题所提问题主要涉及文章的中心思想、主要内容标题、作者的态度、目的、文章的语气等。主旨句通常在第一段或最后一段。

B 篇 本文主要是娜塔莉详细介绍了自己在香港的旅行。

6. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段“My class tour of China is almost over. Hong Kong is our last stop.”可知,娜塔莉班级的中国之旅快结束了,香港是他们的最后一站。因此她是和同学们一起去的。故选 B。

7. D 【解析】词义猜测题。根据“The view from the top was incredible! I could see all of Hong Kong.”可知,从顶部看到的景色是……! 她可以看到整个香港。画线单词是修饰“景色”的。结合所给选项可知,画线处是“精彩的”之意。故选 D。

8. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据原文“Yesterday, our group went to Disneyland”可知,昨天,他们组去了迪士尼乐园。根据“Today is Monday”可知,今天是星期一。可见,周日去的迪士尼。故选 B。

9. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据原文第一段“We arrived here on Friday night, and I'm having a lot of fun.”和“Today is Monday, and we're going to Ocean Park to see pandas. I'm really looking forward to it! We will leave for home tomorrow night and arrive in Vancouver on Thursday morning.”可知娜塔莉周五晚抵达香港,周二晚离开。可见,娜塔莉计划在香港待四天。故选 B。

10. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据原文“We will leave for home tomorrow night and arrive in Vancouver on Thursday morning.”可知,他们将于明晚启程回国,周四上午抵达温哥华。可见,娜塔莉来自温哥华。故选 A。

C 篇 本文主要为即将到来的暑假介绍了几个旅游地及安排。

11. F 12. E 13. D 14. C 15. A

二、A 篇 16. excited 17. weather 18. So 19. guide 20. foot
21. after 22. instead 23. kinds 24. old 25. them

B 篇 26. has opened 27. stayed 28. built 29. used 30. said
31. can enter 32. are 33. hopes 34. to reach 35. see

三、本文主要讲述了如何高效利用时间。

36. They might feel weak and out of control.
37. Because after knowing what stops you, you can think about useful things that satisfy you.
38. Make your own calendar.
39. By saying “I'd love to do my homework after dinner”.
40. Yes, I am. I will make a weekly plan to manage my time.

四、 An unforgettable school trip

Our school organised a trip to the Science Museum last Saturday. I went there with all the students and teachers of Grade 8 together.

We got together at 8:00 a. m. at the school gate and left for the museum by bus. We took a lecture by the guide as soon as we got there. (高分句式). After that, we took a visit around the different halls of the museum. A variety of advanced inventions had been displayed, from the appliance to industry, education and life. What impressed me most was the experience of the usage of them, which made me have a better understanding of the knowledge of AI(高分句式). We also enjoyed the delicious food cooked by an AI robot. How amazing!

At the end of the visit, we said goodbye to the AI guide. It is a meaningful trip which not only broadens our horizon of the creation world, but also builds up our national confidence. I made up my mind to study hard and make a contribution to my motherland.

Module 9 Friendship

关键能力达标测试卷

一、A 篇本文主要讲述了四种类型的朋友:人类朋友、动物朋友、网络朋友以及乐器朋友。

1. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Especially when you are sick, your friends will take care of you and help you do a lot of things like housework or homework. Besides, human friends will be always the first ones who can understand your need, share your happiness and sadness.”可知,人类朋友可以在你不舒服的时候照顾你,帮你做不同种类的事情,了解你的需求和感受。故选 D。

2. A 【解析】词义猜测题。根据“Though they can't speak, they can accompany people.”可知,虽然他们不会说话,但他们可以陪伴人们。因此“accompany”与 A 选项意思一致。故选 A。

3. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Instrument Friends”一栏中“Some people don't like to tell their inner feelings to others, and they even don't like to stay with too many people.”可知, Tom 可能想玩乐器。故选 B。

4. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据“They may play the piano, violin or guitar. By music they can get a lot of happiness.”可知,乐器朋友可以通过音乐自娱自乐。故选 C。

5. B 【解析】推理判断题。根据“For more information, you can click here.”可知,这篇文章出自网站。故选 B。

B 篇 本文是一篇说明文。文章主要讲述了朋友之间友好相处的一些建议。

6. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段中的“Tom is a 14-year-old boy...his best friend, John”可知,约翰是汤姆最好的朋友。故选 A。

7. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段中的“But I don't want to hurt his feelings and harm our friendship.”可知,汤姆不想伤害约翰的情感。故选 B。

8. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段“First, listen carefully to your friends. Although you may want to explain yourself, listening to your friends first may keep you calm. You will better understand your friends.”可知,首先做一个好的倾听者很重要。故选 D。

9. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据第四段中的“First, listen carefully to your friends.”、第五段中的“Next, explain to your friends politely.”以及第六段“Finally, show your friends that you value your friendship even if you disagree about something.”可知,文中给出了三条建议,可推知,汤姆接下来会礼貌地和他朋友交流,说出自己的想法。故选 C。

10. C 【解析】推理判断题。通读全文可知,这篇文章是讲述了朋友之间友好相处的一些建议,文章内容与“朋友”有关。故选 C。

11. leaving 12. separated 13. refused 14. patient 15. herself
16. explained 17. introduced 18. treat 19. worried 20.

healthy

三、21. as usual 22. Every time 23. making friends 24. At that 25. turned around 26. find out 27. take place 28. stays silent 29. believe in 30. felt lonely

四、本文主要讲述了朱金祥和钟华强之间的友谊。

31. him 32. quickly 33. third 34. since 35. uncomfortable 36. subjects 37. better 38. classmates 39. my 40. children's

五、 My name is Li Hua. I want to introduce my classmate Zhang Wen.

She is of medium height. She never gives up when she faces difficult tasks(高分句式). She loves reading very much. She is understanding, so she is ready to help others when they are in trouble(高分句式). She loves her home town very much, and she feels proud of the changes that has taken place in the past three years in her home town.

She has learnt English for five years, and she has made great progress in it. Now she can communicate with others in English freely.

This summer vacation, she wants to visit Singapore. There she will visit many theme parks and enjoy delicious food.

核心素养提优测试卷

一、A篇本文是一篇说明文,讲述了友情的三个益处。

1. C
2. C【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段中“On the other hand, our friends are better able to offer advice on important decisions that we all have to make.”可知,朋友在重大决定时能给我们提供更好的意见。故选C。

3. A【解析】推理判断题。①处前文“Here, friendship has a double advantage.”讲的是友情有双倍的好处,故题目中“友情可以让快乐加倍也会让悲伤减半!”应放在①处。故选A。

4. B【解析】最佳标题题。本文围绕友情从三个方面讲述了友情的益处。故选B。

5. A【解析】篇章结构题。文章一二两段总领全文,讲述友情的重要性,并引起下文;三、四、五段分别讲述了友情的三个益处;第六段重申友情的重要性,总结全文。故选A。

B篇本文主要介绍了人与人之间的友谊会因为某些原因而发生改变,这是很常见的。我们需要记住,改变友谊并不意味着结束友谊。

6. B【解析】词句猜测题。根据“In our life, friends can change. No matter how much you love and admire your friends, the friendship between you can still fade from your life.”可知,在我们的生活中,朋友可以改变。无论你多么爱你的朋友,多么钦佩你的朋友,你们之间的友谊仍然会从你的生活中消失。因此推知“fade”为“消失”之意,与“disappear”同义。故选B。

7. A【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段中“I remember having certain friends in primary school. Now, I never see these people, and seldom even think about them anymore.”可知,作者基本上没有见过自己的小学朋友了。故选A。

8. C【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段中“When you finish junior high school and start senior high school, you will meet many new people and become friends with them.”可知,初中毕业后会结识新朋友并与他们成为朋友。故选C。

9. D【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段中“However, you can keep some friendships by simply making an effort to stay in touch.”可知,可以通过努力保持联系来保持友谊。故选D。

10. B【解析】观点态度题。根据第三段中“When living or working places change, friendships change as well. It's just a part of life.”和第五段中“If the friendship has to end, and there is no other choice, then remember this: Change is good.”可知,友谊会改变只是生活的一部分,它结束了,我们是无法选择的,记住改变是好的就行。因此推知作者认为友

谊变化是常见的。故选B。

C篇本文讲述了作者曾经感觉很孤单。作者有一次和同学打架,班长出来阻止了打架。之后班长在各方面帮助作者,作者渐渐发生了很大的变化。但现在班长生病住在医院里,作者希望他快快好起来。

11. E【解析】根据上文“About three years ago. I felt very lonely.”及下文“My classmates didn't want to talk with me and my parents were always saying that other kids were better than me.”可知,此空与同学和父母有关,E项“我不喜欢我的同学们,我的父母和任何人。”符合语境。故选E。

12. F【解析】根据下文“Just at that moment, a boy stood up and stopped the fight.”可知,此空与打架有关,F项“我气得打了他的脸。”符合语境。故选F。

13. A【解析】根据下文“Whenever I got angry or sad he would help me to cool down. He was always there to help me when I was in difficult situations.”可知,此处是讲作者与班长关系,A项“在那之后,他经常帮助我,我们成了好朋友。”符合语境。故选A。

14. C【解析】根据上文“And it seems that people around me have changed, too.”可知,此空与周围人的改变有关,C项“我的父母不对我大声喊叫了,我的同学们对我也变得友好了。”符合语境。故选C。

15. D【解析】根据上文“But now, I can't often see my best friend because he is seriously ill and is staying in hospital.”可知,此处与生病有关,D项“我希望他快点好起来回到学校。”符合语境。故选D。

二、A篇 16. first 17. evening 18. hobbies 19. friendship 20. together 21. football 22. Tuesday/Tuesdays 23. both 24. music 25. types

B篇 26. laughing 27. left 28. asked 29. took 30. welcomed 31. pointed 32. made 33. to hang 34. crying 35. was walking

三、本文介绍了三个朋友之间相处的问题。

36. Our close friends.
37. He often wants to copy Mike's homework.
38. 我最亲密的朋友吉姆对学校和学习失去了兴趣。
39. a. Help Jim study instead of letting him copy your homework.
b. Ask your teacher, parents or other friends for help.
40. Things almost impossible to say to friends

My best friend

I would like to tell you something about my best friend. She is Mary, She looks tall and slim. She has a round face and bright smiling eyes. She is really pretty and nice.

Mary is a helpful girl. She is willing to offer help to others at any time when they have problems. She is also very friendly. She often has a smile on her face and looks happy. We all like to make friends with her.

Mary enjoys travelling very much. She thinks it important to travel for students. She not only visits lots of places of interest but also tries different local food when travelling. She says, “It is a good chance to learn a lot about the culture and history.”

Module 10 On the radio

关键能力达标测试卷

一、A篇本文主要介绍了4个广播节目。

1. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“For example, the radio is good for our eyesight and it helps people feel relaxed when walking or running.”可知,收音机对我们的视力有好处,它有助于人们在走路或跑步时感到放松。故选A。

2. A【解析】推理判断题。根据“It has some short but humorous dialogues between parents and their children. It helps build good relationships between parents and children.”可知,Maggie记录了与父母之间的有趣谈话,因此可以把它们送到

Children's DoReMi,故选A。

3. C【解析】细节理解题。根据“18:00~18:30 from Monday to Saturday”可知,持续半小时,故选C。

4. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“Uncle Kai, Lingling”可知,节目主持人是Uncle Kai 和 Lingling,故选D。

5. A【解析】推理判断题。根据全文内容可知,第一个节目与“亲子关系”有关;第二个节目与“唱歌”有关;第三个节目与“新闻”有关;最后一个与“儿童故事”有关,故选A。

B篇本文主要介绍了三种梦想工作。

6. A

7. C【解析】细节理解题。根据“He lives by himself on the island and writes blogs every day. Many people start to show great interest in visiting this island after reading his blogs.”他一个人住在岛上,每天都写博客。许多人在读了他的博客后,开始对参观这个岛表现出极大的兴趣。可知,本·索萨尔写博客是为了让这个岛更受欢迎。故选C。

8. A【解析】篇章结构题。根据“Here are three that will be on our list!”和后三段可知,第一段是总写,后面三段是分写,分别介绍了三种理想的工作。故选A。

9. B【解析】细节理解题。文章分别提到了糖果试吃员,岛屿生活推广员以及试睡师的工作,提到的工作都是特殊而有趣的。故选B。

10. C

二、11. director 12. national 13. interview 14. article 15. purpose 16. listeners 17. once 18. listening 19. watching 20. to work

三、21. Now, come this way.

22. It gets crazy here just before the program begins.

23. So keep studying, and I hope that you can join us one day.

24. That's great news!

25. Shouldn't you be at school?

26. It seemed that they were not speaking to lots of listeners, but to me in person.

27. At the age of nine, I asked for part-time jobs in some small radio stations.

28. As I grew older, my interest in radio grew.

29. We want to know how you've become so successful.

30. If you're very interested in something, you usually want to be good at it.

四、31. His 32. with 33. popular 34. skills 35. family 36. traditional 37. toys 38. happy 39. however 40. only

五、 Li Hua and I have some ideas about our future jobs. Li Hua likes writing. He wants to be a reporter in the future. He will interview people's work and life situations. At the same time, he will report them in a timely manner. I want to be a teacher when I grow up(高分句式). I'm going to work in Beijing and teach maths in a middle school. Do you know why I want to be a teacher? Because teachers always take good care of us. They do many things for us as our parents do. So it's my dream to be a teacher.

I think if we work hard, our dream will come true(高分句式).

核心素养提优测试卷

一、A篇本文介绍的是收音机的发展史。

1. B【解析】推理判断题。根据第一段中“It's like a magic box that lets us hear voices and music from far away.”它就像一个魔盒,让我们能够听到远处的声音和音乐。所以作者想说的是它可以把远方的信息带给我们。故选B。

2. C【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段中“But then, in 1895, a smart man named Marconi made the first radio. He sent a sound across a room without using any wires (导线).

Everyone was amazed! After that, radio became popular very fast.”但后来,在1895年,一个名叫马可尼的聪明人制造了第一台收音机。他不用任何电线就把声音传到了房间的另一边。每个人都惊讶!此后,收音机很快就流行起来了。故选C。

3. A【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段中“Weather programs tell us about the temperature, and other weather conditions. There are also programs that can help students learn subjects like English, math, science, and history.”天气程序告诉我们气温和其他天气状况。还有一些程序可以帮助学生学习英语、数学、科学和历史等科目。故选A。

4. D【解析】词句猜测题。根据第四段中“...and you can put it anywhere like homes and cars.”你可以把它放在任何地方,比如家里和汽车里,可知是方便携带。故选D。

5. A【解析】主旨大意题。本文介绍的是收音机的发展史。故选A。

B篇本文主要介绍了两位中国博主制作的《逃离大英博物馆》系列短视频,视频引发了将国外的中国文物归还中国的热议。

6. B【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段中“There are three videos in the series. Each video is less than ten minutes long.”可知,这个短视频系列包含3个视频,每个视频都不超过10分钟,总计不超过30分钟。故选B。

7. C【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段中“She runs out of the British museum and meets a Chinese news reporter. With his help, she finally goes back to China.”可知,玉壶逃出大英博物馆后,遇到了一位中国新闻记者,在他的帮助下,玉壶终于回到了中国。故选C。

8. A【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段中“During the Second Opium War, British and French soldiers stole the Old Summer Palace. The stolen relics were sent to museums across Europe.”可知,在第二次鸦片战争期间,英法联军洗劫了圆明园,被盗文物被送往欧洲各地的博物馆。故选A。

9. C【解析】词句猜测题。根据第四段中“About 2,000 relics had been stolen from the British Museum...Many countries have queried the safety of the museum.”可知,大约2000件文物从大英博物馆被盗,故许多国家“质疑”该博物馆的安全性,可以推断划线单词的意思是“质疑”。故选C。

10. D【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段中“We want the Chinese relics to come back!”可知,本文是为了呼吁将国外的中国文物归还中国。故选D。

C篇本文主要介绍了如何正确选择职业。

11. D 12. F 13. C 14. A 15. E

二、A篇 16. about 17. the 18. without 19. as 20. to 21. at 22. sick 23. words 24. on 25. more

B篇 26. started 27. will do 28. to tell 29. looked 30. paid 31. to help 32. are making 33. have performed 34. should give 35. needs

三、本文主要讲述了一个关于电视和互联网的演讲。

36. On the radio.

37. All guests in that talk.

38. The Internet.

39. 多亏了一些制作精良的节目,它可以把整个国家和所有年龄段的人聚集在一起,这是互联网永远无法做到的!

40. It was a great tool for research.

四、 My favourite kind of TV shows

I enjoy watching TV shows, and here is my favourite one. I want to talk something about it.

My favourite TV show is News. For me, I usually watch News with my family at home. News like CCTV is not only educational but also meaningful(高分句式). What's more, I can

learn many useful information from it. We can know what is happening around the world, and then I can discuss it with my classmates at school. That's the reason why I like watching *News* (高分句式).

All in all, let's watch *News* that is educational! What about your favourite TV show?

重难专项补漏卷 听力

听力材料

A

- 1. How long have you been like this?
- 2. What is your father like?
- 3. I think going climbing is good for our health.
- 4. How do you feel when you are with strangers?
- 5. What can I do to help the old?
- 6. They plan to go camping this weekend.
- 7. My cousin likes growing vegetables because he knows some skills.
- 8. Bob eats too much sugar. As a result he has got a terrible toothache.
- 9. W: So many toy cars. Collecting toy cars must be fun.
M: Certainly. I began to collect them five years ago.
Question: When did the boy start to collect toy cars?
- 10. W: We need to come up with a plan to help the poor children.
M: Maybe we could make money for them by helping people fix their bikes.
Question: How could the speakers make money?
- 11. W: Congratulations. Your dancing performance is excellent.
M: Thanks. I deeply believe that practice makes perfect.
Question: Why is the man's performance excellent?
- 12. W: Dad, I want to sleep more.
M: Your mother has been waiting for us for thirty minutes.
Q: What does the father mean?
- 13. M: I heard you are moving to a new house, Betty.
W: Yes, the house I live now is big and nice, but my neighbour plays music all night long and I can't fall asleep.
Question: Why is the woman moving away?

四、W: Have you ever heard of William Hanna, Tony?
M: Yes, he created the cartoon series *Tom and Jerry* with Joseph Barbera.
W: When was he born?
M: He was born on July 14, 1910 and died on March 22, 2001.
W: Did he have any brothers or sisters?
M: He had no brothers, but he had six sisters.
W: How many of his cartoons have you ever watched?
M: Four.
W: What are they?
M: *Scooby-Doo*, *Where Are You!*, *Tom and Jerry*, *Top Cat* and *The Jetsons*.
W: Which one do you like best?
M: *Tom and Jerry*.
W: Why?
M: Because I can learn that although we have arguments with other people, we need to protect each other when in danger, and I can't help laughing when I see the cartoon.

五、18. W: I'm Gina. Tomorrow is my best friend Lucy's birthday. She has invited me to her birthday party but I have to take English lessons tomorrow so I want to buy her a present.
19. W: I'm Mary. I'm in bad health. I often feel tired during the day and always get a cold. My doctor says I should do sports every morning.
20. M: I'm Edison. I'm new at this school. I have no friends. I always

feel lonely. None of my classmates play with me after class. I need some advice on how to make friends at my new school.

六、 M: Good afternoon. Welcome to radio time. Here's today's school news. First, sports news. Last Saturday, our school held the volleyball match. Class Four, Grade Nine got first prize. Congratulations. Next comes health news. Doctor Zhao will give us a speech on how to keep safe during exercise. The speech will begin at ten to five p.m. this Tuesday. Then news about after-class activities now. The English corner activity will be held this Wednesday afternoon. We'll talk about Chinese popular music. Finally, a group of French students are visiting our school this Friday morning. They will have a talk with us about the school life in our art center. Hope they will have a good time in our school. That's all for the school news on radio time today. Thank you.

B

- 1. Have you been to the Great Wall?
- 2. I have entered lots of competitions, but I haven't won any prizes.
- 3. The story doesn't need to be true. You can make it up.
- 4. How long have you been in your friend's home?
- 5. How did he travel there?
- 6. I decided to study hard to become an astronaut.
- 7. Tony has played volleyball since 2015.
- 8. I usually communicate with my friends by email.

三、9. M: Are you interested in classical music or country music, Sue?

W: Neither. I only like rock music.
Question: What kind of music does Sue like?
10. M: I like sports, especially volleyball. What about you, Kathy?
W: I'm the same as you, Bob.
Question: Which sport does Kathy like best?
11. M: Mum, I'm worried about tomorrow's tennis match.
W: You're working harder than before. I'm sure you'll win.
Don't think about it. It's too late. Go to bed now.
Question: When does the conversation take place?

12. W: I heard that you went to Los Angeles for your holiday?
M: Yeah. That was a wonderful trip. Los Angeles was so amazing that I stayed there for two weeks.
Question: How long did the man stay in Los Angeles?
13. M: Jack is very sad. He didn't get good marks again this time.
W: He spends too much time on computer games, Ben.
M: We should help him. After finishing our homework, let's talk to him. Maybe our words will work.
Question: What is Ben doing now?

四、M: Hello, Amy. Where are you going?
W: I'm going to our music club to practise playing the violin because I'm preparing for the Art Festival.
M: Well, so great. Are you interested in playing the violin?
W: Yes, of course. I started playing it at the age of five.
M: Five. Who taught you?
W: My grandfather taught me at home. What do you like to do in your free time, Nick?
M: I like collecting coins.
W: Coins. There are so many coins at my home.
M: Could you show me some?
W: Sure.

五、18. W: I went to school by bus in the past and I did not feel fit. So last month I decided to take more exercise and started walking to school. I have walked to school for three weeks now. I am getting a lot fitter and I feel healthier. The problem is all my friends take the bus to school and I do not have anyone to talk with on the way. What can I do?

Barbara
一些在冰箱里储存食物的技巧;结合选项,A选项“在家中安全储存食物”最符合文意,为本文最佳标题。

C篇本文节选自《时间胶囊》,讲述了在一次暴风雨的晚上,汤姆帮助简从过去返回到未来的故事。

11. B【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段“A loud noise wakes Jan up suddenly. She looks at the alarm clock. It's five o'clock. Then she hears the noise again. It's thunder.”(一声巨响突然把简吵醒了。她看了看闹钟。现在是五点钟。然后她又听到了声音。这是打雷。)可知,是雷声惊醒了Jan。故选B。

12. D【解析】词义猜测题。根据第五段“And now maybe there's the possibility that she can return to the future.”(现在也许她有可能回到未来。)因此画线部分的单词意为“可能”。选项“事情可能会发生,但尚不确定。”符合题意。故选D。

13. C【解析】细节理解题。根据第六段“Tom uses his hands to dig a hole by the tree. He buries the time capsule and then stands up.”可知,汤姆用手在树旁挖了个洞。他埋了时间胶囊,然后站了起来。所以,汤姆在树旁的洞里埋下的是时间胶囊。故选C。

14. C【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段“It's the sound of something hitting the window. She gets up and goes to the window. She can see Tom standing outside in the rain. He's shouting at Jan, telling her to come outside.”第五段“They walk quickly back down the road past Jamie's house and Pauly's house.”第六段“Jan suddenly realizes something. ‘Tom! I want to give you something from the time capsule.’”和最后一段“She's back in the garden of her house in Hampton Street.”可知,选项C是这些事发生的正确顺序。故选C。

15. A【解析】推理判断题。根据第一段“Jan lies in bed, looking at the photos on her phone. She looks for a long time at the picture of her parents...”和第六段“The important thing is to get home.”等可以推断,简非常想念她的家人。故选A。

解题诀窍

推理判断巧突破

把握文章的内在逻辑关系,以文章提供的事实和观点为依据立足原文,推断未知。不能主观臆造,凭空想象,随意揣测,更不能以自己的观点代替作者的观点。

D篇本文主要介绍了服装公司正在使用回收塑料瓶制作衣服的事实。

16. D【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段“We thought we should use them to create our clothes and protect the environment.”可知服装公司用塑料瓶做衣服是为了保护环境,故选D。

17. D【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段“First, the plastic bottles are washed and cut into small pieces. Then they are melted and shaped into small balls. The balls are melted again to form thread. People can then use the thread to make different kinds of clothes.”结合图片,可知正确的顺序为a-d-c-b-e,故选D。

18. C【解析】推理判断题。根据第一段“It might be strange to wear clothes made out of plastic bottles. But in fact, some clothing companies are already making clothes like these.”以及第三段“We thought we should use them to create our clothes and protect the environment...”可知服装公司用塑料瓶做衣服是为了保护环境,可知文中先是阐述原因。根据第四段“How does the company turn plastic bottles into beautiful clothes?”可知接下来介绍制作过程。第五段“Some people might have doubts about wearing something made out of plastic bottles.”接下来有些人会发出疑问。最后一段说明了使用塑料瓶制作衣服的意义与影响,故选C。

19. D【解析】推理判断题。根据最后一段“With more companies understanding what it means to use plastic bottles to make clothes, there will hopefully be less waste in the future. It seems that this innovation may lead to a greener future of fashion.”可推

重难专项补漏卷 阅读理解

A篇短文讲了图书馆的开放时间和一些规则。

1. D 2. C 3. D 4. A 5. B

B篇本文主要介绍了一些在冰箱里储存食物的技巧。

6. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“Bottom shelves are the coldest part of the fridge, making them perfect for storing raw meat and seafood.”可知,冰箱底部是最冷的部分,适合储存生肉和海鲜。结合选项,D为生肉。故选D。

7. C【解析】推理判断题。根据“Bacteria can grow quickly in temperatures between 5°C and 60°C. This is called the Temperature Danger Zone.”可知,在温度危险区,细菌可以快速生长;由此推知把食物放在温度危险区,会迅速变坏。故选C。

8. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“If you want to get the most out of your food, the temperature in your fridge needs to be between 0°C and 5°C.”可知,为了尽可能长时间地保持食物新鲜,温度应在0°C和5°C之间。故选B。

9. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“Fruit and vegetables can also be stored at room temperature. Try to keep them in a cool, dry and dark place, away from direct sunlight or sources of heat.”可知,水果应放在阴凉、干燥和暗的地方。故选A。

解题诀窍

细节理解小妙招

细节理解题的答案往往可以直接从文章中找到原句。此类题目涉及的内容很广,如时间、地点、人物、数字、原因、结果、文字结构等。可结合关键词进行查找。

10. A【解析】最佳标题题。根据“Follow these tips and learn how to store food correctly in your fridge.”及全文可知,本文主要介绍了

知最后一段表明了未来更多的公司可能会找到类似的方法来拯救我们的环境,故选D。

20. A【解析】推理判断题。题干意为“作者如果想在杂志社上发表这篇文章,他应该选择哪家(杂志社)。”A意为《自然未来》,B意为《体育时代》,C意为《轻装旅行》,D意为《文化天地》。本文主要介绍了一些服装公司正在回收塑料瓶制作衣服的事实,代表了未来的环保趋势,A项最恰当。故选A。

重难专项补漏卷 补全短文

A篇本文是一篇说明文。主要介绍了五种让你的孩子对太空科学感兴趣的方法。

1. C【解析】根据“Well, here are some easy ways”可知,下文是提出让你的孩子对太空科学感兴趣的方法,选项C“你想让你的孩子对太空科学感兴趣吗?”符合语境。故选C。

2. D【解析】根据“Get your kids into space by looking at stars outside...”可知,这一段是对看星星做出解释,选项D“看星星。”符合语境。故选D。

3. E【解析】根据“Make space-themed works of art”可知,本段是在描述创作太空主题的艺术作品,选项E“使用蜡笔或者铅笔画太空画。”符合语境。故选E。

4. A【解析】根据“Play space-themed games”可知,本段是在描述玩太空主题的游戏,选项A“装扮成太空宇航员或者玩太空主题的游戏。”符合语境。故选A。

5. F【解析】根据“Watch cool movies like E. T., The Martian, Gravity, and Interstellar.”可知,这里是在描述看太空主题的电影,选项F“别忘了在行星形状的碗里享用爆米花!”符合语境。故选F。

B篇本文主要介绍了一些避免孤独的建议。

6. D【解析】根据“According to a recent research, loneliness can be bad for health.”可知,孤独对健康有害,故空格处应介绍我们应该重视孤独。选项D“所以,如果你有时感到孤独,一定要关心它。”符合语境。故选D。

7. F【解析】根据“Maybe it seems that you don't have time to meet new friends, but you need to consider your social life first.”可知,也许你似乎没有时间认识新朋友,但你需要首先考虑你的社交生活。故空格处应介绍可以做的社交活动。选项F“与其看手机,不如出去走走,找人聊聊天。”符合语境。故选F。

8. B【解析】根据“However, the Internet can easily bring people with the same interests together.”可知,互联网可以很容易地把有相同兴趣的人聚集在一起,故此处内容应与在网上找志趣相投的人有关。选项B“所以很容易建立一个在线朋友社区。”符合语境。故选B。

9. A【解析】根据“What subject are they interested in...In this way, you can know each other much better.”可知,故空格处应是这个问题的解决方法。选项A“找出更多关于它的信息,并与他们讨论。”符合语境。故选A。

10. E【解析】根据“Helping at the local food store or in a charity shop will give you a warm feeling and you'll get to know other volunteers.”可知,在当地食品店或慈善商店帮忙会给你一种温暖的感觉,你会认识其他志愿者。故此处应该介绍当志愿者的好处。选项E“它也会给你一些和朋友以及家人谈论的话题。”符合语境。故选E。

C篇本文是一篇说明文。主要介绍了感冒的原因、症状和解决方法。

11. D【解析】根据“You feel tired and you have no energy. You can't breathe out of your nose and your throat hurts. Don't be afraid...”可知,你觉得累了,没有精力,不能用鼻子呼吸,喉咙也疼,不要害怕,由此可推测,此处要解释你可能感冒了,因此选项D“你可能只是感冒了。”符合语境。故选D。

12. A【解析】根据“When someone sneezes or coughs near you, bacteria travel through the air and enter your body and then make you sick.”可知,当有人在你附近打喷嚏或咳嗽时,细菌会在空气中传播,进入你的身体,然后让你生病。由此可知,此处要介绍感冒的原因,可推测选项A“感冒很容易得。”符合语境。故选A。

13. F【解析】根据“If you sneeze, or if your nose is runny and your eyes are watery, you've also probably got a cold.”可知,如果你打喷嚏,或者流鼻涕,或者眼睛湿润,你也可能感冒了。由此可知,此处介绍感冒的症状,因此选项F“感冒使你发烧或喉咙痛是很常见的。”符合语境。故选F。

14. C【解析】根据“You should have hot water if you've got a sore throat and cough. You should eat healthy foods and get a lot of rest so your body can be strong enough to fight your cold.”可知,如果你喉咙痛和咳嗽,你应该喝热水,吃健康的食物,多休息,这样你的身体就可以强壮到足以抵抗感冒。因此此处要介绍感冒后的解决办法,可推测选项C“然而,你可以做一些事情来让自己感觉更好。”符合语境。故选C。

15. E【解析】根据“A cold can be frustrating but just remember that there are many things you can do to feel better and get stronger.”可知,感冒会让人沮丧,但只要记住,你可以做很多事情来让自己感觉更好,变得更强壮。因此此处要介绍如何让自己变得更强壮,可推测选项E“照顾好自己的身体,保持健康。”符合语境。故选E。

D篇本文讲述了一位教师通过一个信任游戏帮助学生们探索朋友之间的信任。

16. D【解析】根据“One day, he said that he had a game for us to try.”可知,此处提到老师设计的游戏,选项D“我们的老师名叫莫里。”符合语境,是对老师的介绍。故选D。

17. F【解析】根据“Most of us felt bad with this. We were afraid that they wouldn't catch us and we would fall on the floor.”可知,同学们普遍感到担心,因此不敢行动,选项F“所以我们没有动。”符合语境。故选F。

18. B【解析】根据“She put her arms in front of her body, closed her eyes, and slowly fell backwards.”可知,此处描述的是女孩的表现,选项B“她看起来镇定但不害怕。”符合语境。故选B。

19. A【解析】根据“For a moment, I was sure she was going to fall on the floor.”可知,叙述者当时以为女孩会跌倒,这里描述了最后结果,选项A“但是其他学生在她倒地之前接住了她,最后帮助她站了起来。”符合语境。故选A。

20. C【解析】根据“But if you trust them, they won't let you down.”可知,是讲信任的不确定性和可能结果,选项C“你不能确定自己会倒在冷冰冰的地板上还是朋友温暖的手上。”符合语境。故选C。

重难专项补漏卷 综合填空

(一)A篇本文通过一个毕业生面试失败的故事告诉大家第一印象的重要性。

1. Luckily【解析】句意:幸运的是,她在大学毕业后得到了一份在小学教书的面试机会。根据“...she got an interview for a teaching job at a primary school after university.”可知此处是说她很幸运地得到了一次面试机会,空处单词修饰整个句子,应用lucky的副词形式luckily,且位于句首,首字母要大写。故填Luckily。

2. surprise【解析】句意:令每个人惊讶的是,这位未来的老师没有得到这份工作。根据“the would-be teacher didn't get the job”可知这个结果令人很惊讶。to one's surprise“令某人惊讶的是”,固定搭配。故填surprise。

3. earlier【解析】句意:我早些时候发现我的袜子上有一个小洞。根据“but I knew I'd be late if I did that”可知此处是说她早些时候就发现自己的袜子上有一个小洞,应用early的比较级。故填earlier。

4. them【解析】句意:我想过换掉它们,但我知道如果我那样做,我会迟到。分析上下文可知,是指换掉她的长袜,应用they的宾格形式them。故填them。

5. When【解析】句意:当我去面试的时候,那个洞更大了,我走进去,为自己没有展现出最好的一面而道歉。根据句意可知,此处是when引导的时间状语从句,且位于句首,首字母大写。故填When。

6. herself【解析】句意:如果有人在面试前不花时间做好准备,她

会成为什么样的老师呢?prepare oneself well“做好准备”,此处是面试负责人对这个毕业生说的话,所以应用she的反身代词herself。故填herself。

7. But【解析】句意:但是如果你给面试官留下不好的印象,他可能会认为你还没有准备好接受这份工作。根据“if you give an interviewer a bad impression”可知此处表示转折,选用备选词but,且位于句首,首字母要大写。故填But。

8. for【解析】句意:但是如果你给面试官留下不好的印象,他可能会认为你还没有准备好接受这份工作。be ready for...“为……做好准备”,固定搭配。故填for。

9. second【解析】句意:你可能不会再一次得到机会。a second“又一,再一”,固定搭配。故填second。

10. jobs【解析】句意:大多数雇主认为,那些看起来关心自己的人也会关心自己的工作。根据句意且结合备选项可知,此处应用job的复数。故填jobs。

B篇本文讲述了作者和丈夫去纽约看望儿子,一天在街上遇到了一个无家可归的人弗兰克。作者的丈夫把手套和帽子给了弗兰克。作者的儿子把新买的外套也给了弗兰克,弗兰克感谢作者一家人为他做的事情。

11. visited【解析】句意:去年冬天,我和我丈夫去那里看望了他。根据时间状语“Last winter”可知,此处是一般过去时,故动词用其过去式。故填visited。

12. to see【解析】句意:一天,当我们走在街上时,我儿子去了一家商店,看看有没有他想要的外套。结合语境可知,空处应填不定式表目的,儿子去商店是为了看有没有他想要的外套。故填to see。

13. was talking【解析】句意:当我出来的时候,我丈夫正在和一个流浪汉说话。根据“When I came out,”可知,when引导的时间状语从句为一般过去时,主句应该用过去进行时was/were doing。主语my husband是第三人称单数,be动词用was。故填was talking。

14. take【解析】句意:我看见过我丈夫脱下了手套和帽子,递给流浪汉弗兰克。see sb do sth.“看见某人做了某事”。故填take。

15. could sleep【解析】句意:他乞求并试图获得25美元,以找到一家可以睡几个小时的廉价酒店。结合语境可知,此处where引导定语从句,修饰a cheap hotel,即一家可以睡几个小时的廉价酒店;时态为过去时。故填could sleep。

16. were【解析】句意:我丈夫的手套和帽子是给他的惊喜礼物。全文采用了一般过去时态,主语是My husband's gloves and hat,be动词用were。故填were。

17. leaving【解析】句意:我把这件事告诉了他,并建议把它留给弗兰克。suggest doing sth.“建议做某事”。故填leaving。

18. to have【解析】句意:我儿子说不是,但他想把它送给弗兰克。want sb to do sth.“想要某人做某事”。故填to have。

19. will try【解析】句意:我会尽量找份工作来养活自己。根据“I...to find a job as soon as possible to support myself.”可知,此处是将来的事情,用一般将来时。故填will try。

20. has done【解析】句意:从那时起,他已经这样做了几次。根据“since then”可知,此处是现在完成时have/has done。主语是He,助动词用has。故填has done。

解题诀窍

:

综合填空巧突破

1. 利用上下文的意思与结构选择要填写的单词,可先试填一下保证句意通顺。

2. 理解填写部分在句子中的作用,从而确定填写内容的时态、语态及具体形式。

(二)A篇本文介绍了Marco去肯尼亚参与学校生物课程项目的一段经历。

1. early【解析】句意:他在洛杉矶的家里没有起得那么早。根据

“It's 5:00 am!”可知,此处是早上5点,因此表示很早,early“早”,副词修饰动词短语get up,故填early。

2. mainly【解析】句意:他们主要靠放牛羊为生。根据“by herding cows and sheep”可知,是指他们主要是靠放牛羊为生,mainly“主要地”,副词修饰动词短语make a living,故填mainly。

3. holiday【解析】句意:Marco的非洲之行不是度假。根据后文的“It's part of the school project for the biology...at Sunshine School.”可知,这是阳光学校生物课程项目的一部分,因此不是假期,故填holiday。

4. course【解析】句意:这是阳光学校生物课程项目的一部分。根据“biology”可知,空处指生物课程,course“课程”,应用名词单数,故填course。

5. completely【解析】句意:肯尼亚对来自洛杉矶的学生来说是一个全新的国家。根据前文的“They have never been to Africa.”可知,他们从没有去过非洲,因此肯尼亚对他们来说是一个全新的国家。修饰形容词new,用副词completely“完全地”,故填completely。

6. another【解析】句意:结果,牧民和学生不得不从一个地区迁移到另一个地区,以便牛有更多的草吃。此处表示从一个地区移动到另一个地区,故填another。

7. money【解析】句意:在肯尼亚,灾难已经杀死了许多牛,所以学生们决定筹集资金为当地人购买牛。学生们是决定筹集资金为当地人购买牛,故填money。

8. Each【解析】句意:每头牛花费大约100美元。可知,空处指“每一只”,首字母大写。故填Each。

9. different【解析】句意:学校想给学生提供不一样的思考方式。根据“The school wants to give the students a...way of thinking”可知,此处是指不同的,故填different。

10. first【解析】句意:帮助肯尼亚的牧民只是第一步。可知,此处表示第一步,故填first。

B篇本文讲述了一个贫穷但勤奋的伐木工的儿子赫尔曼,通过努力和奇遇最终改变了他和父亲命运的故事。

11. named【解析】句意:他有一个儿子叫赫尔曼。根据“Herman”可知是名字。name“命名”,此处需用动词过去分词形式作后置定语,故填named。

12. sent【解析】句意:老人攒了一些钱并送他的儿子去上大学。根据“his son to university”可知是送他的儿子去上大学。send“送”,时态为一般过去时,动词用过去式,故填sent。

13. come【解析】句意:但父亲给儿子的钱两年后就花光了,赫尔曼不得不回家。had to后接动词原形,come back home“回家”,故填come。

14. to stop【解析】句意:三个小时后,他的父亲叫他停下来吃饭。根据“to have dinner”可知是叫他停下来吃饭。stop“停下来”,ask sb to do sth.“让某人做某事”。故填to stop。

15. heard【解析】句意:突然他听到一个声音。根据“a voice”可知是听到一个声音。hear“听”,时态为一般过去时,动词用过去式。故填heard。

16. saw【解析】句意:赫尔曼低头看到树下有一个绿色的瓶子。根据“looked down”及“a green bottle under a tree”可知动词用过去式,看到树下有一个绿色的瓶子。see“看见”,用其过去式。故填saw。

17. shouting【解析】句意:它跳上跳下,大喊:“放我出去!”根据“Let me out!”可知在大喊,shout“喊”,动词用现在分词作伴随状语,表明与前面的动作是同时发生的。故填shouting。

18. to grow【解析】句意:赫尔曼一打开瓶子,小东西就从瓶子里跳了出来,并开始生长。根据“In a minute it stood in front of Herman like a giant”可知是指开始生长。grow“生长”,begin to do sth.“开始做某事”,故填to grow。

19. will turn【解析】句意:把它放在石头上,它会把石头变成金子。根据“...and it...the stone into gold.”可知它会把石头变

成金子。turn...into“把……变成”，时态需用一般将来时，表示它将会把石头变成金子。故填 will turn。

20. became 【解析】句意：几年后，他成为镇上有名的医生。become“变成，成为”，时态为一般过去时，动词用过去式，故填 became。

(三) A 篇本文是一篇记叙文。主要讲述了愚公移山的故事，告诉我们只要有决心并坚持不懈，一定能做成想做的事情。

1. Both 【解析】句意：它们都非常高。根据上文“*There were two mountains between Jizhou in the south and Heyang in the north.*”可知，在冀州之南，河阳之北的两座山都很高，both“都”符合语境。故填 Both。
2. ninetieth 【解析】句意：他的九十岁生日快到了。根据“*birthday*”及所给单词可知作者想表达愚公近九十岁的高龄了，用序数词，故填 ninetieth。
3. Because 【解析】句意：因为这两座高山，全家人从山的一边到另一边必须要绕行很远的路。根据“*of these two high mountains*”及所给单词可知是因为这两座山，*because of*“因为”。故填 Because。
4. whole 【解析】句意：因为这两座高山，全家人从山的一边到另一边必须要绕行很远的路。根据“*family*”及所给单词可知，此处表示全家人，故填 whole。
5. together 【解析】句意：一天，愚公召集全家人到一起讨论把山搬到其他地方。根据上下文可知需要把全家人召集到一起讨论，故填 together。
6. them 【解析】句意：所有人都同意了。根据上文提到全家人一起讨论搬山，可知此处用代词 them，指代上文提到的全家人。故填 them。
7. children 【解析】句意：他的孩子们开始和他一起挖土石。根据上文提到全家人都同意搬山，可知应该是全家上阵，children“孩子们”符合语境，故填 children。
8. weak 【解析】句意：这两座山是如此的高，你年纪大了又很虚弱。根据“*you are so old and*”可知，聪明的老者认为愚公年龄太大，身体虚弱，weak“虚弱的”符合语境。故填 weak。
9. difficult 【解析】句意：这一点儿都不困难。根据下文“*Those two mountains are still there, but I have my kids, and my kids will have their kids, generations after generations, there's no end.*”可知愚公认为，我还有孩子，孩子还有后代，无穷无尽，因此搬山一点儿都不难，difficult“困难的”符合语境。故填 difficult。
10. someday 【解析】句意：我相信将来某天山将会被搬走。根据“*the mountains will be moved*”和所给单词可知，此处表示将来某一天，someday“某一天”符合语境，故填 someday。

B 篇本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了 Garth 发明了一个雨伞帽，但被三个男孩嘲笑，他感到很沮丧，之后一位女士鼓励并邀请他参加发明比赛，最后 Garth 有了更多新想法，重新燃起希望的故事。

 11. testing 【解析】句意：这是测试他的新发明——雨伞帽最好的天气。结合“*It was a rainy, windy October afternoon.*”和“*...with a wide smile*”可知，天气又下雨又刮风，Garth 笑容满面，说明这样的天气适合测试雨伞帽。且空前 for 是介词，此处应用动名词 testing。故填 testing。
 12. worked 【解析】句意：它起作用了！根据“*He could hardly wait to see whether it could keep the rain off.*”可知，Garth 迫不及待地想知道帽子是否能挡雨。他把帽子戴在头上，随即帽子发挥了作用。文章总体是一般过去时，此处应用 work 的过去式。故填 worked。
 13. stopped 【解析】句意：突然，他附近的三个男孩出现并拦住了他。结合“*Todd, the biggest one, pulled his Umbrella Hat off his head.*”及下文可知，三个男孩前来拦下他并嘲笑他。and 表示先后顺序，appeared 是过去式，此空也应该是 stop 的过去式。故填 stopped。

14. can wear 【解析】句意：你可以在雨天戴上它，而且……。根据“*It's an Umbrella Hat.*”可知，Garth 在向三个男孩介绍雨伞帽的功能用法：可以在雨天戴上它，表示能，能够。故填 can wear。

15. was 【解析】句意：也许 Todd 是对的。根据“*...in reality, who would ever need this invention?*”可知，Garth 对自己的发明产生了怀疑，认为 Todd 刚才说的是对的。故填 was。

16. looking 【解析】句意：突然，他抬起头看到一位女士正看着他。根据“*Suddenly he looked up and saw a lady...*”可知，看到女士的时候，这位女士也正在看着他，see sb. doing sth. 看到某人正在做某事。故填 looking。

17. Keep 【解析】句意：继续发明，总有一天你会创造出真正伟大的东西！根据“*Don't ever let stupid boys put you down!*”和“*...one day you will create something really great!*”可知，女士在鼓励 Garth 不放弃，只要坚持就能创造出伟大的发明，为祈使句，且 keep 在句子开头首字母要大写。故填 Keep。

18. to find 【解析】句意：我想举办一场比赛，寻找我们镇上最优秀的年轻小工具发明者。根据“*I'd like to hold a competition...*”和“*I will display three best inventions in my shop.*”可知，女士想通过比赛找出最好的年轻小工具发明者，to find 动词不定式作目的状语。故填 to find。

19. will have 【解析】句意：我相信你会有机会获奖的。根据“*a chance of winning a prize*”可知，将有机会获奖，用一般将来时。故填 will have。

20. felt 【解析】句意：他突然感觉好多了，并且已经可以感觉到很多新想法正在出现，等待着苏醒。根据“*much better*”可知，Garth 感觉好多了并涌现了很多新想法。文章是一般过去时，应用 feel 的过去式 felt。故填 felt。

解题诀窍

：

综合填空题题目中要求可添加助动词或者情态动词，因此大概率会出现包含助动词或者情态动词的题目。

(四) A 篇本文主要讲述了作者家的洗衣店提供免费咖啡，作者一开始向父亲抱怨，不明白为什么洗衣店要提供免费的咖啡，理解了父亲的意图之后，开始认真对待冲泡咖啡的工作。

1. Even 【解析】句意：就连我退休的祖父也偶尔帮忙打扫。根据“*My father, my mother and my aunt were responsible for different jobs.*”及“*...my retired grandfather helps with the cleaning now and then.*”可知，此处强调甚至退休的祖父也在帮忙打扫，even“甚至”，首字母大写，故填 Even。
2. customer 【解析】句意：咖啡是免费的，几乎每个顾客都会在等待干净衣服的时候和我的家人喝一杯聊天。根据“*waiting for their clean clothes*”可知，是顾客在等待干净衣服时会和作者的家人喝一杯咖啡，customer“顾客”，根据 every 可知，此空应填单数名词，故填 customer。
3. after 【解析】句意：在放学后的几个小时里或周末，我的工作就是让咖啡壶保持满满的。根据“*school or on weekends*”可知，此处指在放学后或在周末，after school“放学后”，故填 after。
4. boring 【解析】句意：这是一份很无聊的工作，我睡觉的时候都能做。根据“*...job that I could have done it in my sleep.*”可知，在睡觉的时候都能做，说明它是一份很无聊的工作，boring“无聊的”，故填 boring。
5. Why 【解析】句意：我们为什么要送咖啡？根据“*We're a Laundromat, not a coffee shop!*”可知，作者认为这是一个洗衣店而不是咖啡店，不懂为什么要送咖啡，故填 Why。
6. surprised 【解析】句意：爸爸吃惊于我的态度，他立刻停下手中的工作和我谈话。此处强调父亲吃惊，并且考查固定词组

be surprised at，故填 surprised。

7. face 【解析】句意：他脸上带着一种耐心而严肃的表情说。根据“*With a patient but serious expression on his...*”及首字母可知，是脸上出现了一种耐心而严肃的表情，face“脸”，故填 face。

8. them 【解析】句意：孩子，人们选择我们的洗衣店是因为我们像朋友一样服务他们。空格后“*we serve ...like friends*”是解释人们选择作者家洗衣店的原因，故填 them。

9. just 【解析】句意：人们需要的不仅仅是洗衣服的地方。仅仅，故填 just。

10. carefully 【解析】句意：从那时起，我更认真地做这项工作。根据“*After all, I had the most important job in the laundromat.*”可知，听到了父亲的一席话，作者工作得更加认真了，此处副词修饰动词 do，故填 carefully。

B 篇本文主要介绍了三个人关于健康的问题。

11. have caught 【解析】句意：这学期我已经感冒五次了。结合所给单词和空后的“colds”可知，此处表示感冒，catch a cold 意为“感冒”，根据语境可知，此处应用现在完成时。故填 have caught。
12. haven't found/have not found 【解析】句意：我想做更多的锻炼来使我强壮，但是我还没有找到最喜欢的运动。根据 but 可知，前后句是转折关系。空格处应选动词 find“找到”，yet 常与现在完成时连用，所以此处应用现在完成时的否定形式。故填 haven't found/have not found。
13. am going to run/will run 【解析】句意：下周我将每天在公园跑 10 圈。结合所给单词和空后的“10 circles in the park”可知，此处表示在公园跑 10 圈。空格处应填动词 run“跑”，根据“*next week*”可知，此处应用一般将来时。故填 am going to run/will run。
14. went 【解析】句意：过去我总是乘公共汽车去上学。根据“*in the past*”可知，此处应用一般过去时；去上学 go to school，动词 go 要用其过去式 went。故填 went。
15. have walked 【解析】句意：我已经步行去学校三个星期了。根据上文“*So I started walking to school.*”可知，此处表示已经步行去学校三个星期了。空格处应选动词 walk“步行”，“for+一段时间”常与现在完成时连用。故填 have walked。
16. am doing 【解析】句意：我认为我现在正在做一件正确的事情。结合所给单词和空处所给句子可知，空格处应选动词 do“做”；根据“*now*”可知，此处应用现在进行时。故填 am doing。
17. can help 【解析】句意：我希望你能帮助我。根据上文“*But the problem is...on the way!*”可知，“我”有一个问题，所以此处表示“我”希望你能帮助我，can help 切题。故填 can help。
18. eat 【解析】句意：我还吃快餐。结合所给单词和空后的“fast food”可知，此处表示吃快餐，空格处应选动词 eat“吃”，根据语境可知，时态是一般现在时，主语是 I，所以动词用原形。故填 eat。
19. am having 【解析】句意：当我每次胃痛时，我决定改变我的习惯。have a stomachache 意为“胃痛”，while 常与进行时连用，根据语境可知，此处应用现在进行时。故填 am having。
20. to stop 【解析】句意：问题是，我不知道如何停止这些坏习惯。结合所给单词和空后的“these bad habits”可知，此处表示停止这些坏习惯。结合空前的“*how*”可知，此处应用“疑问词+动词不定式”结构，故填 to stop。

重难专项补漏卷 阅读表达

A 篇本文介绍了天气数据的重要性。

1. Because the weather changes a lot.
2. About 62 days.
3. People can know what to wear.
4. To help animals
5. It's meaningful. (开放性试题，合理即可。)

B 篇本文介绍了红十字国际委员会进行急救培训的原因，并介绍了两位亲历者参与培训的收获与感受以及此项培训的价值。

1. Because accidents often happen in schools around the world.
2. In 2021.
3. Some students and her cousins.
4. To stay calm to make her safe.
5. Professional and helpful. Because the training can make us a strong and confident person and an excellent first aider. (开放性作答，结合实际，言之有理即可。)

C 篇本文是 Sarah 将生活中遇到的问题讲述给 Pat 听，Pat 给出了相应的建议。

1. Daily life problems. 【解析】根据“*This is the space where I can help you with your daily life problems.*”可知，是解决日常生活问题，故填 Daily life problems。
2. She feels worried. 【解析】根据“*When I miss out on something fun or important that my friends are experiencing, I feel worried.*”可知，Sarah 感到担心，故填 She feels worried.
3. To share good feelings with others. 【解析】根据“*Most of them share the best parts of their lives. You must keep in mind that they do so to share good feelings with others.*”可知，这样做是为了与他人分享美好的感觉，故填 To share good feelings with others.
4. Stop connecting for a while. Do something that makes you pleased and relaxed. 【解析】根据“*If seeing these videos and photos still causes bad feelings, stop connecting for a while.*”可知，如果看到这些视频和照片让你感觉不好，那就暂时停止联系，故填 Stop connecting for a while. Do something that makes you pleased and relaxed.
5. Relax yourself by travelling. 【解析】开放性问题，合理即可。

D 篇本文讲述了消防员谢晓晖因救火伤残，但是依然继续长期志愿传授经验知识。

1. Firefighter. 【解析】根据“*After graduation, he joined the army and was sent to Yong'an Fire Station in Sanming City, Fujian. He went on thousands of rescue tasks and saved hundreds of people from fires with his team.*”可知他毕业后加入了军队并被派往福建省三明市永安消防站工作，因此是消防员工作。
2. Xie Xiaohui got 75 percent burns all over his body. 【解析】根据“*During this rescue, Xie Xiaohui got 75 percent burns all over his body.*”可知在这次救援中，谢晓晖全身 75% 的皮肤被烧伤。
3. 拆东墙补西墙 【解析】根据句意可知是拆东墙补西墙。
4. To spread fire safety knowledge by cycling around. 【解析】根据“*Later, he set up a cycling team to spread fire safety knowledge by cycling around.*”可知他组建了一支自行车队，通过骑行来传播消防安全知识。
5. Xie Xiaohui is brave, selfless, and dedicated. 【解析】开放性试题，合理即可。

重难专项补漏卷 书面表达

A

Ways to Keep Healthy

As far as we know, it is very important to keep healthy. Here are some ways.

First, I think we must have enough healthy food. Breakfast is necessary. It gives energy to our body. And, remember to eat more fruit and vegetables(高分句式). Second, it's necessary for us to do exercise. It helps keep us active and strong. Third, never stay up late. If we can't get enough sleep, our body won't work well(高分句式). Finally, we should learn to make us relax. Listening to some music may help us relax.

Follow the ways, and you will be healthy!

B

The School Activity I Will Never Forget

In the past three years, there have been many colourful activities in our school. I will never forget the club activity in Grade Eight.

I was a member of the English Drama Club. Every Tuesday, we joined together in the room and learned to act interesting plays. It was my favourite time at my school. Last year, our teacher encouraged us to perform in front of all the students. We felt nervous at first, but our teacher believed us. To make it successful, we spent several weekends practising (高分句式). It was tiring but no one gave up. Finally, we performed excellently and all the teachers and students praised us. Every member was satisfied with it.

Thanks to the club activity, I not only achieved my acting dream but also made some true friends (高分句式). I will never forget the experience.

C

The Best Place I Have Been to

Many people enjoy travelling a lot. The best place I have ever been to is Guangzhou.

Last year, I went to Guangzhou in the summer vacation. When we got there, we started to hang out on the street. The first thing was to find something to eat. There were so many delicious snacks. It is hard for us to choose what to eat, so we planned to eat as much as we can (高分句式). After we finished eating, we went shopping. Guangzhou is famous for the foreign trade and its clothes are fashionable and cheap. At last, we bought many clothes.

I like Guangzhou best because Guangzhou is the paradise of food and shopping (高分句式). We really enjoyed ourselves during the trip.

D

I'm glad to say something about my best friend. Her name is Alice. She is helpful and always has a sweet smile on her face. She is really good at dancing.

Last term, there was a dancing festival in our school (高分句式). We both signed up for it, but I was a little shy at first and afraid of dancing in front of a large crowd of people (高分句式).

She encouraged me a lot and helped me practice the moves. Together, we gave a very successful performance. I will never forget this experience. We will be good friends forever.

原创主题地方情境练

情境 1:

文章描述了国际空间站的地理位置与距离并依次从移动、睡眠、工作与休闲和建造空间站的原因这四个方面进行了介绍,引导学生了解宇航员在太空中的生活状态。

1. B

2. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段可知,宇航员在空间站睡觉时,如果不睡在袋子中,就会四处飘浮,从而造成危险。

3. D 【解析】细节理解题。因为太空站的微重力环境,所以那里可以进行那些在地球上由于重力影响无法开展的实验,对应 D 选项 “Experiments that cannot be done on Earth due to low gravity.”。

4. B 【解析】细节理解题。从文中对宇航员在太空站生活的相关描述中能获取到相应信息,即他们空闲时会给家人发电子邮件,所以是 B 选项 “They e-mail people at home.”。

5. A 【解析】推理判断题。文章介绍了国际空间站里宇航员生活、做实验等实际情况,是科普内容。没有小说情节、虚构元素,也不像课程计划有教学相关安排,所以应来自科学杂志,选 A。

情境 2:

1. D 2. C 3. A 4. F 5. E

情境 3:

A 篇文章旨在引导学生学会自我管理,保持良好的作息习惯。

1. enough 【解析】根据上下文,足够的睡眠能让你感觉良好并在学校表现更好,这里需要一个形容词来修饰“sleep”,“enough”符合语境。

2. usual 3. back

4. before 【解析】“before bed”表示“睡前”,尝试在睡前花大约一个小时放松身心。

5. into 【解析】“break sth. into...”是固定搭配,把某物分成几个部分,这里是把一个小时分成三个 20 分钟的部分。

6. worried 7. teeth 8. asleep 9. relaxed 10. before

B 篇本文主要讲述了作者在弟弟吃苹果被噎住时及时施救的故事。

11. shouted 【解析】根据短文描述,突然 Boo 发出某种声音告知 Seven 被噎住了,“shout”有“呼喊、大声说”的意思,在这里表示 Boo 大喊 Seven 噎住了,符合语境。

12. showing 【解析】句子中已有谓语动词“remembered”,这里需要一个非谓语动词,“show”表示“展示、表明”,此处是说那个急救视频展示了如果小孩噎住该怎么做,所以用“showing”。

13. have 【解析】“have a try”是固定短语,意为“试一试”,在这里表达我决定按照视频中的方法试一试,所以填“have”。

14. hitting 【解析】“start doing sth.”是固定用法,表示开始做某事。根据急救常识,当有人噎住时,要拍打背部,“hit”有“击打”的意思,这里表示开始拍打 Seven 的背部,故用“hitting”。

15. was 【解析】“My heart was in my mouth”是一个习语,表示“我的心都提到嗓子眼了”,在这里描述我当时紧张的心情,所以填“was”。

16. was speaking 【解析】while 引导时间状语从句,表示当我在和接线员说话的时候,我继续拍打 Seven 的背部。根据语境,这里用过去进行时,所以填“was speaking”。

17. are doing 【解析】接线员说“你正在做正确的事”,表示当时的动作,用现在进行时,所以是“are doing”。

18. arrived 【解析】当医院工作人员到达的时候,他们把 Seven 带到医院做全面检查。根据语境,这里填“arrived”表示到达。

19. was told 【解析】这里表示我被告知 Seven 没事了,是被动语态,所以用“was told”。

20. will die/ may die 【解析】医生说“如果你不迅速行动,如果你不知道该怎么做,你的弟弟会/可能会“死”,条件状语从句“主将从现”,所以填“will die/may die”。

情境 4:

本文介绍了给孩子好睡眠的方法。

21. Three.

22. (1) Make the child's room quiet, dark and cool. (2) Take away the child's electronic products.

23. Parents.

24. 做一些让你的孩子放松的事情。

25. The passage states that setting a timetable, creating a sleep environment, and doing something relaxing can help children get a good night's sleep.

情境 5:

Home Doctor Robot Wins First Prize

At the Dezhou Maker Festival, Li Hua's Home Doctor robot won the first prize. This robot is both tall and cute. It is made from recycled materials such as glass and plastic.

The Home Doctor robot is truly a wonder. It can offer helpful advice on health, treat common diseases, and provide excellent care for the elderly and children (高分句式)。

We should all take pride in Li Hua's achievement and be motivated to explore our own creative potential. Let's work together to make the world a better place through innovation and technology.

优质考题重组卷

听力材料

(一) 1. How can I write about it?

2. Could you tell me what she looks like?

3. What kind of competition is it?

4. When do you take painting lessons?

5. Have you ever read the cartoon stories about the Monkey

King?

(二) 6. There are many places of interest in Beijing such as the Great Wall.

7. The chicken smells good.

8. Tom dreams of being an astronaut.

(三) 9. M: Hello, Sally, what are you up to?

W: Hi, Mike. I've just finished writing a report about space travel.

Question: What is Sally up to?

10. M: Sandy, could you take care of my pet dog when I'm on holiday?

W: With pleasure! Have a nice trip.

Question: What does the man ask Sandy to do?

11. W: You are late again, Tom.

M: I'm sorry, Miss Green. My bike was broken on my way.

Question: What happened to Tom?

12. W: My favourite sport is running. What about you?

M: My favourite sport is basketball.

Question: What's the boy's favourite sport?

13. W: When did she move to England?

M: In 1968.

Question: When did she move to England?

(四) 14. M: Hi, Maria, where are you going?

W: Hello, Kevin. I'm going to pick up my little brother, Jim.

He is in hospital now.

M: Hospital. What's the matter with him?

W: He got a stomachache. So my mother sent him to the hospital.

M: Does he feel better now?

W: Yes, the doctor told me he could go home.

M: That's good. Well, how will you go to the hospital?

W: I'll go there by bus.

M: In fact, I think I can drive you there. I'm going to meet a friend near the hospital.

W: Really, that will be great.

(五) 15. M: My name is Jack. I'm a twenty-year-old young man.

Two years ago when I finished middle school I found working in a shop. I worked very hard and usually I worked until ten o'clock in the evening. I was really tired when I got home.

16. W: Hi, I'm Linda from America. Last Saturday our teacher took us to visit the space museum. In the museum I saw many pictures of space. I tried on some space clothes. And we were very happy to see Yang Liwei. He told us a lot about space. We had a good time there.

17. M: Hello, I'm Julia. Let me tell you something about Mars. Mars is the closest to us. The air on Mars is not good for life and there may be no water. Scientists haven't found life on Mars yet. I think people will know more about Mars in the future. I wish we could go there one day.

(六) 18. M: Dear schoolmates,

Our school is turning 50 years old! We are excited to be celebrating its birthday. On April 10th, a grand celebration will be held at 4 pm in the school hall. We do hope that you'll come back and join us!

We invite some graduates who have made achievements in their fields. It's a time for you to get together and share the past stories and experiences. Also, to better understand how our school has developed into a top school in Dezhou, you will watch videos about the school history. After that, you can enjoy different shows and a school concert. In the end, those who take

part in the celebration will receive a special notebook with our school logo as a gift.

Look forward to your coming!

答案:

1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. A 6. B 7. A 8. C 9. A 10. A

11. B 12. B 13. C 14. C 15. B 16. B 17. A 18. C 19. A

20. B 21. April 22. hall 23. stories 24. shows 25. special

二、A 篇本文是一则广告,主要介绍了悉尼港大桥的景点特点、注意事项、联系方式和门票价格等。

26. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段中“This 3-hour climbing tour is fantastic!”可知,这次登山之旅需要 3 个小时。故选 B。

27. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Special clothes to protect you from the strong wind.”可知,游客应该穿特制的衣服,以免受强风的侵袭。故选 B。

28. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据表格中“From January 1 to August 31; Lunch Tour; Adults: \$ 250; Children (10 – 16): \$ 190”可知,约翰逊夫妇带 11 岁的儿子一起去,应该花费: $250 \times 2 + 190 = 690$ (美元)。故选 D。

29. C 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段中“Climb to the top of the exciting Sydney Harbor Bridge and look down from 134 meters high at the water below!”可知,悉尼港大桥的顶部高出水面约 134 米。故选 C。

30. D 【解析】推理判断题。根据第一段中“Climb to the top of the exciting Sydney Harbor Bridge and look down from 134 meters high at the water below! This 3-hour climbing tour is fantastic! Book your tour now!”以及通读全文可推知,本文是一则旅游广告。故选 D。

B 篇本文主要讲述了当你不高兴时,有六种方法可以使你高兴起来。

31. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据“When you are feeling unhappy or anxious, there are six ways to make you feel good about yourself.”可知当你感到不高兴或焦虑时,有六种方法可以让你对自己感觉良好。这类文章应该出现在杂志中,故选 C。

32. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Helping others always makes you feel good.”可知帮助别人总是让你感觉很好。故选 A。

33. A 【解析】词义猜测题。根据“New challenges are fun and give you a sense of accomplishment when you have finished.”可知完成挑战会给你一种成就感,所以 a sense of accomplishment 意为“成就感”,故选 A。

34. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据短文给出的第六条建议可知,当你不愉快时可以和家人待在一起倾诉,而不是自己单独待在家里,故选 B。

35. D 【解析】最佳标题题。通读全文可知,本文主要讲述了当你不高兴时,有六种方法可以使你高兴起来。选项 D“六种让你自我感觉良好的方法”适合作为标题。故选 D。

C 篇本文是一篇说明文。主要介绍了为探索月球准备的新宇航服的外观和功能。

36. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第一段“They will fly around the moon in 2024 and finally land on the moon in 2025.”可知,美国宇航员将于 2024 年绕月飞行,最终于 2025 年登陆月球。故选 D。

37. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据第三段“The astronauts can have a wider view... Astronauts can see clearly on the moon.”可知,宇航员戴上头盔可以看到更宽的视野,而且在月球上可以看得很清楚,由此可知,NASA 的新宇航服帮助宇航员在月球上看得更清楚(对应②);根据第四段“It makes videos and these videos can be sent back to Earth on time.”可知,头盔上的照相机可以制作视频,这些视频可以按时发送回地球(对应④);根据第七段“The shoes of the suit are better insulated. Astronauts will stay warm...”可知,这套衣服的鞋子让宇航员

保持暖和(对应③)。故选D。

38. C【解析】细节理解题。根据第五段“The new suit has more joints (关节) on the legs. So, astronauts can walk and pick up things on the moon easily.”可知,这套新衣服的腿上有更多的关节,所以宇航员可以在月球上轻松行走和捡起东西。故选C。

39. A【解析】细节理解题。根据第六段“*Astronauts will get into the new suit through a ‘door’ on its back.*”可知,宇航员将通过其背部的“门”进入新宇航服。故选A。

40. D【解析】主旨大意题。根据文章可知,本文主要介绍了为探索月球准备的新宇航服的外观和功能,即介绍了NASA的新宇航服是什么样的。故选D。

D篇本文讲述了Hunter利用老师教的海姆立克急救法紧急救Jackson的故事。

41. B【解析】词义猜测题。根据“He thought that Jackson was just joking and laughed at it along with his friends.”可知,Hunter认为Jackson只是在开玩笑,于是和他的朋友们一起大笑起来。此处的“it”指代的是“Jackson打嗝”这件事情,故选B。

42. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“But soon it became clear that Jackson was really choking and tried to cough the food out. He pointed to his throat to tell Hunter that he was not playing.”可知,当Jackson指着自己的喉咙,告诉Hunter他不是在玩时,Hunter发现Jackson快要窒息了,故选D。

43. A【解析】推理判断题。根据“she couldn’t believe her ears when she heard what happened. But she was over the moon to know how her student put what she taught into practice. She took pride in Hunter.”可知,老师对Hunter的做法很满意,故选A。

44. C【解析】细节理解题。根据“He stood behind Jackson, put his arms around Jackson. He made a fist with one hand and grasped the fist with the other hand near the top of Jackson’s stomach, then made a quick, hard movement.”可知,符合海姆立克急救法的描述的是C选项,故选C。

45. A【解析】主旨大意题。根据整个文章的理解可知,主要是讲述一个男孩救了他朋友的故事,故选A。

三、本文讲了一位母亲在推特上分享了她患有自闭症的儿子和一个小孩之间感人的友谊故事。

46. C【解析】根据“There’s a little girl called Emma in my son Nicholas’ class.”及“You may think this is a usual friendship story”可知,此处应介绍这个女孩和儿子之间的友谊,C选项“他们喜欢一起在外面玩,坐在一起”符合,故选C。

47. E【解析】根据“She knows he thinks and does things a little slower than other kids.”可知,此处应提到他们之间的互动,E选项“尽管尼古拉斯不能对讲,她还是跟他说话”符合,故选E。

48. B【解析】根据“One day, it was Emma’s birthday.”及“Nicholas didn’t use to talking with others, and he just sat at the corner silently.”可知,艾玛的生日邀请了尼古拉斯,B选项“艾玛邀请尼古拉斯和其他朋友到她家做客”符合,故选B。

49. D【解析】根据“He drew a beautiful garden with flowers and butterflies.”可知,画了一个美丽的花园,里面有花和蝴蝶,因为他知道艾玛喜欢这个,D选项“他知道艾玛最喜欢大自然和蝴蝶”符合,故选D。

50. A【解析】根据“As a mother of a child with special needs, it really touches my heart to see somebody likes my son.”可知,此处应表达了这位母亲的感谢,A选项“尼古拉斯很幸运能和这个可爱善良的女孩有这样一段真正的友谊”符合,故选A。

四、A篇【导语】本文主要讲述了作者因为从小受到父母的良好影响,所以对党产生了浓厚的兴趣,并期待着自己成为一名真正党员的那一天。

51. both【解析】句意:我的父母很自豪,因为他们都在大学的时候入党了。根据“My parents are very proud”可知,此处是指父母两人都入了党,both“两者都”符合语境。故填 both。

52. As【解析】句意:作为党员,他们知道他们必须为人民服务。根据“they know they must serve the people.”可知,是指作为党员,他们必须为人民服务,as“作为”,句首单词首字母大写。故填 As。

53. unusual【解析】句意:在 2020 年这个不寻常的寒假里,他们加入了志愿者队伍,帮助检查人们的信息,测量人们的体温。此处是指 2020 年这个不同寻常的寒假。故填 unusual。

54. and【解析】句意:在 2020 年这个不寻常的寒假里,他们加入了志愿者队伍,帮助检查人们的信息,测量人们的体温。根据“check people’s information ...take people’s temperature.”可知,前后是并列关系,用 and 连接。故填 and。

55. duty【解析】句意:他们的行为向我展示了党员的责任。根据“the ...of the Party members.”可知,此处是指党员的责任,用名词 duty“责任”。故填 duty。

56. from【解析】句意:我想向他们多学习,成为一名党员。learn from sb“向某人学习”。故填 from。

57. stories【解析】句意:我小的时候,父母给我讲了很多关于中国共产党的感人故事。根据“told me many touching”可知,是指讲了很多故事,story“故事”,many 后跟名词的复数。故填 stories。

58. interested【解析】句意:从那时起,我对党产生了兴趣。become interested in“对……感兴趣”。故填 interested。

59. that【解析】句意:我相信,用不了多久,我就会成为一名真正的党员。句子是宾语从句,从句不缺成分,用 that 引导。故填 that。

60. much【解析】句意:如果我成为一名党员,我将尽我所能帮助别人。根据“as ...as I can to help others.”可知,是指尽可能多地帮助别人,much“很多”,as ...as 中间用原级。故填 much。

B篇本文主要讲述了金先生原本准备坐飞机出差,值夜班的比尔给他老板讲述他做的一个噩梦,金先生改变了主意,决定坐火车走,后来,飞机真的出事了,金先生为了表达他的感谢,给了比尔 5000 美元和一封信,并解雇了比尔。

61. was preparing【解析】句意:正当他准备机票和护照时,守夜人比尔走了进来。根据“While he ...his ticket and passport, Bill, a night watchman, came in.”可知,此处是指当他正在准备机票和护照时,守夜人比尔走了进来,所以从句应用过去进行时态,结合主语“he”可知,此处 be 动词应用 was。故填 was preparing。

62. take【解析】句意:我认为你最好坐火车而不是飞机。根据空后“the train”可知,此处是指坐火车,take the train“乘坐火车”,had better do sth.“最好做某事”,所以空格处应用动词原形。故填 take。

63. to hear【解析】句意:金先生听了很惊讶,说:“我买了机票,坐飞机更快更方便。”根据“Good morning, sir. I think you’d better ...the train instead of the plane.” Bill said to Mr. King.”可知,此处是指金先生听了比尔说的话很惊讶,hear“听”,且此处应用动词不定式作原因状语。故填 to hear。

64. have bought【解析】句意:我买了机票,坐飞机更快更方便。根据“I ...air ticket and flying is faster and more convenient.”可知,此处是金先生表示自己已经买了票,所以应用现在完成时。故填 have bought。

65. to go【解析】句意:金先生最后决定乘火车去。根据“Mr. King decided ...by train in the end.”可知,此处是指金先生最后决定乘火车去,go“去”,decide to do sth.“决定做某事”,所以空格处应用动词不定式作宾语。故填 to go。

66. became【解析】句意:比尔的梦成真了。become true“成真”,结合句子是一般过去时可知,此处动词应用过去式。故填 became。

67. was【解析】句意:比尔很惊讶地问:“为什么?”根据“Bill ...surprised”可知,此处应用 be 动词构成主系表结构,结合句子是一般过去时且主语“Bill”为第三人称单数可知,此处 be 动词应用 was。故填 was。

68. will know【解析】句意:金先生说:“回家看看这封信,你就知道为什么了。”根据“Go home and read the letter, and you ...why.”可知,此处应用一般将来时,结合前文讲到比尔询问解雇自己的原因可知,此处应用 know 表示“知道”。故填 will know。

69. reading【解析】句意:读完之后,他变得很伤心。根据“Go home and read the letter, and you ...why.”可知,此次是指读完信之后,read“阅读”,结合空前介词“After”可知,此处应用动词 ing 形式。故填 reading。

70. can’t sleep【解析】句意:守夜人值班时不能睡觉,但你睡了。根据“A night watchman ...on his duty, but you did.”及备选词汇可知,此处是指守夜人值班时不能睡觉,sleep“睡觉”,其前应加上情态动词的否定形式 can’t“不能”。故填 can’t sleep。

五、本文主要介绍了四种不同类型的旅游。

71. India, Cuba, Thailand and Jordan. 根据“A few of the popular countries offering medical tourism are India, Cuba, Thailand and Jordan.”可知,提供医疗旅游的一些受欢迎的国家是印度、古巴、泰国和约旦。故填 India, Cuba, Thailand and Jordan。

72. A【解析】推理判断题。根据“Nearly all tourists eat in restaurants, and dining is one of the top three tourists activities.”可知,此段落讲述烹饪旅游,故选 A。

73. Disaster tourism. 根据“Disaster tourism is the act of visiting the site of disaster...This kind of tourism is not very popular with local people.”可知,灾难旅游不受当地人喜欢,故填 Disaster tourism。

74. Four different kinds of tourism that have appeared recently. / Four new different kinds of tourism. 根据“Here are four different kinds of tourism that have appeared recently.”可知,本文主要介绍了最近兴起的四种不同类型的旅游。故填 Four different kinds of tourism that have appeared recently. / Four new different kinds of tourism.

75. Food tourism. Because I can go to another country to learn how to prepare its food. 【解析】主观题,合理即可。

六、 As middle school students, it’s important for us to have a clear career plan (职业规划) to help us grow happily. Here are career plans of our team members.

LiHua is interested in travelling. She wants to become a tour guide in the future. To achieve this dream, she plans to read more books to learn about places of interest and their culture, and practise English a lot to provide good service to different people all over the world. (高分句式)

Daming likes reading books in his spare time. He dreams of becoming a writer. He plans to read more books to enrich his knowledge, and take writing classes to improve his skills.

As for me, I like listening to the radio in my spare time. (高分句式) I want to be a presenter in the future. I will practice my speaking skills, learn about radio broadcasting, and try to start my own radio at school to get more experience.

By having a clear career plan, we can work towards our dreams. Let’s support each other and try to achieve our dreams!

听力材料

一、(一) 1. Would you like some noodles with chicken?
2. What does your mother do?
3. I think it’s important to get enough sleep.
4. Your brother looks unhappy. What’s wrong with him?
5. Tommy, remember to close the door when you leave the classroom.

(二) 6. I want to be a presenter in radio Beijing international when I grow up.
7. Sally enjoys collecting Chinese stamps in her spare time.
8. My best friend invites me to go to Shanghai Disneyland next week.

(三) 9. M: Lucy, what were you doing at 8 o’clock last night?
W: I was helping my sister learn English.
10. W: Dave, when do you have PE classes?
M: I have PE classes on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday.
11. M: Where are you going on summer vacation?
W: I’m going to Kunming with my parents.
M: I went there last year. The weather was really comfortable. I’m sure you’ll have a good time.

12. W: Can I help you, Sir?
M: Yes, please. I want to borrow two books on science.
13. W: I’m interested in English. What about you, Peter?
M: Me too. I try my best to learn English well, but I still have difficulty memorizing the words.

(四) W: How nice your watch is. Is it new, Tom?

M: Yes. It’s from my father. He came back from London yesterday afternoon.

W: Did he go to London for traveling?
M: Yes. He stayed there for two weeks.

W: Why didn’t your mother go to London with him?
M: My mother doesn’t like traveling. She said that would make her tired.

W: Did your father buy a gift for your mother?
M: Of course. My mother got a beautiful dress. She was very happy.

W: Where are you going now?
M: I’m going to the cinema. A new movie will be on at nine o’clock. Would you like to go with me, Jenny?

W: Sorry. I’ll go to the library. Maybe next time.

M: OK. See you later.
W: Bye.

(五) 18. W: Betty got to the clean, lovely city of Yangzhou early in the morning. This is her first trip to China. All the different smells of the local food attract her attention. She’s going to try something special for dinner tonight.

19. M: Lily visited the famous Slender West Lake, which was crowded with visitors from all over the world and bought a lot of toys for her friends outside the gate of the park. Everything is so colourful and she has taken hundreds of photos already.

20. W: Lucy will take the night train north, stay in Beijing for two days and then catch a bus to the Great Wall. Her trip to the Great Wall was long and boring. She visited a small village in the mountains. People in the village love the quiet life.

(六) M: Different people have different hobbies. Some like growing flowers, singing, etc. And others like making the things, such as cars or motorbikes. They try to make them go faster. My father works in a big company. He always goes abroad. Three years ago, when he was working in America, he sent home a

letter with a beautiful stamp on the envelope. I like it very much. From then on, I have always asked my father to send me different stamps from different countries. Later I joined a club and made many friends there. So I get some special stamps from them.

答案：

一、1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. A 8. B 9. C 10. C
11. A 12. A 13. C 14. A 15. C 16. C 17. A 18. B 19. C
20. A

21. growing 22. faster 23. Three/3 24. joined 25. special

二、A篇本文主要介绍了几个俱乐部。

26. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“We will take the bus there and return at 4:00 pm”可知他们要坐公交车去。故选A。
27. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“Our club opens at 4:00 pm every Tuesday.”可知每周二去篮球俱乐部。故选D。
28. C【解析】细节理解题。根据“Hiking Club We can enjoy the beauty of nature and have a picnic there.”可知如果想野餐,可以参加徒步旅行俱乐部。故选C。
29. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“Call 593782 for more information.”可知可以打电话593782了解更多关于DIY俱乐部的信息。故选D。

30. B【解析】推理判断题。根据“Let's meet at 9:00 am at the school gate...”以及“Let's meet at the school gate at 8:00 am.”可知文章可能出现在学校。故选B。

B篇本文主要讲述了John和Danny去参加夏令营,但是John不敢跳水,最后在Danny的鼓励下他成功跳水。

31. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“John knew he was going to have a great summer when he and his best friend, Danny, arrived at the camp.”可知他们去了夏令营。故选A。
32. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“They changed into their swimsuits and walked down to the pool.”可知他们换上泳衣,朝游泳池走去。故选D。
33. C【解析】细节理解题。根据“After a while Danny said they should take turns jumping off the diving board. John looked nervously at Danny and shook his head.”可知John不敢从跳板上跳下来。故选C。
34. C【解析】推理判断题。根据“Danny told John that it was not as scary as it looked...Danny gave him a big smile.”可知Danny给John一个微笑,鼓励他勇敢尝试。故选C。
35. B【解析】推理判断题。根据“Then they spent the rest of the day enjoying themselves jumping off the diving board.”可知他们度过了剩下的一天,享受着从跳板上跳下来的乐趣,所以他感到很开心。故选B。

C篇本文是一篇说明文,文章介绍了“嫦娥一号”、“玉兔号”月球车、“墨子号”空间量子科学实验卫星等与中国古代传统文化之间的渊源,表明了我国传统文化对我国太空技术的深远影响。

36. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“Space scientists have been greatly inspired by the old stories and ancient famous people when giving them names.”可知,太空科学家给卫星命名时受到古老的故事以及古代著名人物的启发。故选B。
37. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“As you can see, China's first man-made satellite to circle around the moon was named Chang'e I.”可知,嫦娥一号绕月运行。故选A。

38. C【解析】推理判断题。根据“Besides the ancient stories, space scientists also get ideas from ancient famous people. For example...”可知,文章第四段介绍科学家给卫星命名时还受到古代名人的启发,下文列举了“墨子号”的例子。故作者通过举例子的方式支持自己的观点。故选C。

39. A【解析】篇章结构题。通读文章可知,第一段介绍文章主题,太空技术与古代传统文化有关系;第二、三、四段分别从中国传统故事以及古代著名人物方面介绍;最后一段总结全文,升

华主题。故文章的结构是总(①)——分(②③④)——总(⑤)。故选A。

40. D【解析】主旨大意题。根据“From such simple things as giving names to the satellites, we can see how great our traditional culture is and what influence it has on our modern science and technology.”及全文可知,作者写这篇文章的目的是介绍中国的空间技术与中国传统文化之间的渊源,中国传统影响着我国的空间技术。故选D。

D篇本文是一篇说明文,文章主要介绍了三个研究结果。

41. B【解析】推理判断题。三栏内容分别谈论人出现紧张、兴奋、愤怒和共情的情绪时身体的反应和表现,与健康相关。故选B。
42. C【解析】标题归纳题。根据“Healthy microbes help your body...a scientist says.”可知,本段主要介绍健康的微生物可以帮助你的身体对抗疾病,帮助你的大脑应对压力,所以要照顾好你的消化道。故选C。
43. D【解析】细节理解题。根据“...the key to reducing (减少) anger is not letting it out, but doing calming activities...”和“However, scientists also find some ball games and team sports, which are fun or playful, could reduce anger.”可知,平静的、可以降低心率的活动以及球类运动和团队运动可以减少愤怒。故选D。
44. C【解析】推理判断题。根据“It is reported that when other people see you showing compassion, they want to do it too.”可知,当别人看到你表现出同情时,他们也想这样做,所以同情心可以传播给他人。故选C。

45. B【解析】推理判断题。三栏分别介绍了三个研究结果。故选B。

三、【主旨大意】短文主要介绍了“课本游”这一现象,即家长和孩子们根据教科书中的内容选择旅游地点,以加深对书本知识的理解。

46. C 47. E 48. A 49. B 50. F

四、A篇本文主要介绍了如何鼓励孩子健康饮食,研究表明,应该从让父母也健康饮食开始。

51. how【解析】句意:但是,他们如何鼓励孩子健康饮食呢?根据句意填“如何”。故填how。
52. eggs【解析】句意:我们经常看到父母为孩子选择牛奶和鸡蛋等健康食品。鸡蛋:egg,可数名词。故填eggs。
53. whether【解析】句意:他们不确定自己的孩子是否喜欢吃健康的食物。根据句意填“是否”,故填whether。
54. second【解析】句意:因此,他们自己的菜肴可以成为孩子的第二选择。故填second。

55. simple【解析】句意:幸运的是,我们找到了一个简单的方法。修饰名词way用形容词simple“简单的”。故填simple。

56. healthily【解析】句意:学校计划帮助孩子们吃得更健康,副词修饰动词“吃”。故填healthily。

57. free【解析】句意:它为100个家庭提供了一顿免费晚餐。故填free。

58. carefully【解析】句意:我们注意到所有的父母都为孩子精心选择了一顿健康的饭菜。修饰动词chose用副词carefully“仔细地”。故填carefully。

59. half【解析】句意:然后,在为自己选择之前,我们让其中一半的人把他们的饭看作是“给你的,只有你!”一半;half. 故填half。

60. result/results【解析】句意:结果?结果:result,此处可用名词单数,也可用名词复数。故填result(s)。

B篇【导语】本文主要介绍了作者在森林中遇到了Mark,他因为与父亲争吵而离家出走,Mark的父亲在电视上寻找他,作者在得知后决定先和Mark谈谈,最后,作者给了Mark一些建议。

61. saw【解析】句意:我抬起头来看到一个和我一样年纪的男孩儿。根据句意可知填“看到”,需要填动词过去式,故填looked。

62. was watching【解析】句意:妈妈在看新闻。根据“Back home”可知回到家的时候,妈妈正在看新闻,用过去进行时,主语是Mum,be动词用was。故填was watching。

63. has run【解析】句意:他已经跑出家两天了。用现在完成时表动作持续,主语是he,助动词用has,故填has run。

64. mustn't say【解析】句意:我什么都不能说。根据“I have to talk to Mark first.”可知要先找Mark谈谈,所以什么都不能说,mustn't“不能,禁止”,情态动词后加动词原形。故填mustn't say。

65. are looking【解析】句意:警察正在找你。根据“The police...for you”可知此处强调警察正在寻找,直接引语中用现在进行时,此处主语the police指代复数,be动词用are。故填are looking。

66. to talk【解析】句意:我想先和你谈谈。want to do sth.“想要做某事”。故填to talk。

67. told【解析】句意:那天晚上,爸爸告诉我,我们都要搬到伦敦,因为他的新工作在伦敦。根据“That night”可知句子用过去时,动词用过去式told“告诉”。故填told。

68. are【解析】句意:但我爷爷和我的朋友都在曼彻斯特。此处描述客观事实,用一般现在时,主语是复数,be动词用are。故填are。

69. live【解析】句意:为什么不跟你的爷爷住在曼彻斯特。此处Why not后用动词原形“居住”,故填live。

70. move【解析】句意:让你爸爸和梅尔搬到伦敦。let sb. do sth.“让某人做某事”。故填move。

五、本文主要介绍了“城市漫步”这一旅游方式,对比了它与传统旅行不同之处以及它的好处。

71. Citywalk aims to avoid famous tourist spots and large crowds to get a better experience.【解析】根据“Unlike traditional travel, it aims to avoid famous tourist spots and large crowds to get a better experience.”可知,与传统旅游不同,它的目的是避开著名的旅游景点和人群,以获得更好的体验,故填Citywalk aims to avoid famous tourist spots and large crowds to get a better experience.

72. 许多年轻人到一个新城市时,喜欢和几个好朋友聚在一起,在街上闲逛。【解析】Many young people“许多年轻人”,enjoy doing sth“喜欢做某事”,gather a couple of good friends“几个好朋友聚在一起”,hang out“闲逛”,in the streets“在街上”,when they visit a new city“当他们参观一个新城市时”,故填:许多年轻人到一个新城市时,喜欢和几个好朋友聚在一起,在街上闲逛。

73. To provide experiences for visitors to “walk in open-air museums”.【解析】根据“Xiao Yiyi, a young guide in Changsha, recently shared six Citywalk routes of different cities on the Internet, providing experiences for visitors to ‘walk in open-air museums’.”可知,为了给游客提供“在露天博物馆漫步”的体验,故填To provide experiences for visitors to “walk in open-air museums”.

74. Its purpose is to develop cultural tourism and relaxing tours.【解析】根据“Some places, such as Beijing and Shandong, have included Citywalk in their plans to develop cultural tourism and relaxing tours.”可知,为了发展文化旅游和休闲旅游,故填Its purpose is to develop cultural tourism and relaxing tours.

75. The benefits of Citywalk.【解析】通读第五段内容可知,此段主要介绍了城市漫步的好处,故填The benefits of Citywalk.

六、My Favorite Traditional Chinese Art

Among all the traditional Chinese art forms, my favourite is paper cutting. It's a kind of folk art in China, with a history of more than 1,500 years. People cut different pictures of people, animals or plants with scissors on red paper. It is folded before it

is cut with scissors. It is then cut into different shapes. I've been practicing paper cutting for more than five years. It's such a wonderful art form that I fell in love with it the first time I came across it. Firstly, it's a perfect way to train me to be patient and careful. Secondly, paper cutting works are great presents for my family and friends on special occasions. Paper cutting is part of Chinese culture that all Chinese people should be proud of. And I want to spread it to others.

期末核心素养提优测试卷

一、1. B 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. A 6. B 7. A 8. C 9. A 10. A
11. C 12. A 13. B 14. B 15. C 16. A 17. A 18. B 19. C
20. A 21. south 22. surfing 23. stay 24. enjoy 25. necessary

二、A篇本文介绍了上海的一些景点。

26. B
27. C【解析】细节理解题。根据“The view becomes even more fantastic at night when the buildings are lighted up in different colours.”可知晚上更漂亮。故选C。

28. A【解析】细节理解题。根据文章中迪士尼价格表在12月25号圣诞节719元可知,两个人应是1438元。故选A。

29. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“The mall is in the centre of Shanghai and you can visit the Bund together.”可知Shanghai IFC Mall和The Bund可以一起游玩。而根据“If you don't want to miss the light show, you'd better stay until the park is closed.”可知Shanghai Disney应放于最后游玩。故选A。

30. D【解析】推理判断题。根据文章末尾的网址可知是网页,因此来自网络。故选D。

B篇本文主要介绍了一所学校给予学生们体验生活的一个项目。通过这个项目,作者想告诉读者,教育工作者必须认识到教育的最高目标不仅仅是取得好成绩,而是提高有用的技能,使学生过上良好的生活。

31. A【解析】细节理解题。根据第四段中“All of these are real life experiences.”可知,这个项目是为了让学生体验生活,故选A。

32. D【解析】细节理解题。根据第二段中“Unlike other students, she has a busy ‘job’ during the 40-minute break: help prepare for change, fill in forms and record every deal... she needs to count it carefully...”可知,她要做的工作有:准备零钱,填写表格并记录每一笔交易以及数额。故选D。

33. A【解析】词义猜测题。根据画线所在句句意可知,如果学生们想创业但没有钱,可以去贷款,所以“loan”表示“贷款”,故选A。

34. C【解析】推理判断题。根据第三段中“With so much money, I've gradually learned to be more careful and thoughtful”可知,通过这个项目,她学到了要更加小心和周到,所以这个对她来说是有帮助的,故选C。

35. C

C篇本文是一首诗歌,歌颂了母爱的伟大。

36. B【解析】细节理解题。根据“You are just like the moon, giving off the charming light.”可知,作者把“你”比作月亮,故选B。

37. A【解析】细节理解题。根据“You are just like the sun, giving off the warm light. I am just like a small tree, growing in your warmth.”可知,作者把母亲比作太阳,自己比作小树,在阳光的照耀下茁壮成长,A图符合,故选A。

38. D【解析】推理判断题。根据“When we met each other for the first time, I was crying, but you were smiling... I'm growing up, but you're getting old.”可知,这首诗可以用在生日会上表达对母亲的爱。故选D。

39. A【解析】主旨大意题。通读全文可知,文章主要讲述的是对母亲的爱,作者想告诉我们要感谢母亲。故选A。

40. C【解析】最佳标题题。根据整首诗歌的内容可知,主要是歌

颂母爱的伟大,所以C选项“你是我的全部!”可以作为标题,故选C。

D篇本文讲述了《典籍里的中国》这个文化电视节目。

41. C 【解析】推理判断题。根据“If you had the chance to talk with a historical character, who would you like the character to be? What would you like to know about the past? And what would you like to share from today?”可知,是通过提问的方式开始的本文,故选C。

42. A 【解析】细节理解题。根据“A cultural TV program, China in the Classics”可知,《典籍里的中国》是个文化电视节目。故选A。

43. B 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Those creative ways in ‘China in the Classics’ made Chinese classics come alive, and better showed the development of Chinese civilization (文明).”以及“Such a TV show about Chinese classics gets popular among young people.”可知,作者认为这节目是富有创造力以及受欢迎有趣的。故选B。

44. C 【解析】段落大意题。根据“A cultural TV program”以及结合这两段,可知,主要在介绍这个电视节目的内容,故选C。

45. D 【解析】细节理解题。根据“Such a TV show about Chinese classics gets popular among young people. For them, Chinese classics seem to be a boat, and they can explore the great Chinese spirit and values in the river of Chinese civilization”可知,这样一个关于中国古典名著的电视节目在年轻人中很受欢迎。对他们来说,中国经典就像一条船,他们可以在中华文明的长河中探索伟大的中国精神和价值观,故选D。

三、本文介绍了肥皂剧的发展历史以及人们喜欢肥皂剧的原因。

46. C 47. A 48. E 49. D 50. B

四、A篇 51. something 52. differences 53. good 54. ideas

55. languages 56. with 57. helpful 58. more 59. carefully
60. myself

B篇 61. are making 62. to talk 63. have loved 64. gives
65. jumped 66. must save 67. will help 68. was cleaning
69. keeping 70. guess

五、本文讲述了当我们生病的时候,医生给我们药吃,有时候药是不起作用的,这时候作者建议我们去拜访我们自己脑子里的“医生”,解决心理的障碍,这样我们就可以保持健康、快乐。

71. No, it doesn’t.

72. Two.

73. His own sense of humour.

74. 他自己的幸福感帮助他恢复了健康。

75. A new “doctor” inside your own head

六、Dear Li Dawei,

Glad to receive your letter. In your letter, you said you felt lonely and worried. I am glad to share some of my advice.

First, you should be friendly to others. Whether you are at school or not, try to make friends with your classmates. (高分句式) Second, you should try to help them when they are in trouble. Third, please remember to give everyone a smile every day. In fact, everyone likes a smiling face. If so, you will be happy and have more friends. (高分句式) I hope you can enjoy yourself. Kind Regards,

Li Ling

听力材料:

(一) 1. Keep trying, and you will succeed.
2. How do you feel when you watch the national flag go up?
3. Can you hear the girl singing in the room?
4. Who’s calling, please?
5. Why don’t we have our picnic here?

(二) 6. We had a birthday party for Dad on Friday evening.
7. The singer sang and danced at the same time.

8. Playing football is good exercise.

(三) 9. W: How did you go out of the forest when you got lost last week?

M: A local farmer led me out.

Q: Where did the man go last week?

10. W: Daniel, what program are you watching now?

M: A cartoon.

Q: What program is Daniel watching?

11. W: Look! The Smiths are playing basketball.

M: Let’s join them.

Q: What are the Smiths doing?

12. W: Good morning, sir! May I take your order?

M: Yes. Um... I’d like one large bowl of beef noodles, please.

Q: Where does the conversation take place?

13. W: When did you leave home, Neil?

M: I left home at 18. I have been in the city for five years.

Q: How long has Neil been in the city?

(四) W: Hi, Daniel. You look so excited. What’s up?

M: Hi, Judy. We have just won a game.

W: You mean the school basketball game?

M: Yes. It was quite hard for us to beat Class Five.

W: Congratulations to you all!

M: Thank you. And we have come to the final now.

W: Wonderful! You have a chance to be No. 1 in our school.

M: Yes. But I am a little worried about the final.

W: Worried? Each member of your team plays with good skills, you should believe in yourselves.

M: Maybe, but sometimes I feel that we don’t work well enough as a team.

W: That’s really a problem. Teamwork is very important.

Maybe you need to talk with your teammates about that.

M: OK. I’ll do it right away.

W: By the way, when is the final?

M: Today is Tuesday. Um... the day after tomorrow.

W: Well, I will be free then. I can go and cheer you on.

M: Thanks a lot! See you then.

W: See you!

(五) 18. W: It is important for students to learn how to work together in a group.

19. M: Hi, Daming! Let’s walk along the lake, cross the bridge and climb up the hill.

20. W: I have a friend, Kate. She likes smiling. That smile changes me. I learn to trust people.

(六) W: Dear Martin,

Hainan is in the south of China. It is hot there during the summer holidays. There are many different kinds of activities. You can go fishing, swimming, diving and surfing every day if you like. If you want to relax yourself, you can stay on the beach. The beach is very beautiful, and you can enjoy the sunlight on it. Things such as a pair of sunglasses, a sunhat and an umbrella are necessary for you. I hope you will have a great time there!

Best wishes!

Yours,

Li Jing

解题诀窍

听力准备小锦囊

在做听力测试前调整好精神状态,在听的时候必须镇定自信,全神贯注,尽快进入答题状态。并且,同学们应尽量利用“试卷分发”到“播放试音乐曲和试音材料”之间的时间,及时、迅速地阅读题目(题干和选项),并画出问题的关键词,根据题目中所包含的信息来推测对话的内容,带着问题去听,有重点地去听。